

# Ruijie RG-WLAN Series Access Point AP\_RGOS 11.9(6)W3B3

Web-based Configuration Guide

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# Preface

#### **Intended Audience**

This document is intended for:

- Network engineers
- Technical support and servicing engineers
- Network administrators

#### **Technical Support**

- Ruijie Networks Website: <u>https://www.ruijienetworks.com/</u>
- Technical Support Website: <u>https://ruijienetworks.com/support</u>
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- Technical Support Email: <u>service rj@ruijienetworks.com</u>
- Live Chat: https://www.ruijienetworks.com/rita

#### Conventions

#### 1. Signs

The signs used in this document are described as follows:

#### Warning

An alert that calls attention to important rules and information that if not understood or followed can result in data loss or equipment damage.

#### A Caution

An alert that calls attention to essential information that if not understood or followed can result in function failure or performance degradation.

#### Note

An alert that contains additional or supplementary information that if not understood or followed will not lead to serious consequences.

#### Specification

An alert that contains a description of product or version support.

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# **1 Web-based Configuration**

# 1.1 Overview

A user accesses the Web-based management system using a browser such as Internet Explorer (IE) to manage the AP device.

Web-based management involves two parts: Web server and Web client. A Web server is integrated into a device to receive and process requests sent from a client (for example, read a Web file or execute a command request) and returns the processing results to the client. Generally, a Web client refers to a Web browser.

Currently, this file is applicable to only AP devices.

# **1.2 Application**

Application	Description
Web-based Management	After configuring, a user can access the Web-based management system through a
	browser.

# 1.2.1 Web-based Management

#### Scenario

As shown in the following figure, an administrator can access a device through a browser on a PC to manage the device.

Figure 1-1



Note	The Web management system integrates configuration commands and sends them to the device through
	AJAX requests.
	Web service is enabled on the device to process HTTP requests to return requested data.

Function Deployment

#### **U** Configuration Environment Requirements

**Requirements for Client** 

- An administrator logs in to the Web-based management system using the Web browser on a client to manage the device. Generally, a client refers to a PC. It may also be other mobile terminal devices, for example, a laptop.
- Google Chrome is recommended, and Internet Explorer 11 and 360 Browser are supported. Exceptions such as messy code and format errors may occur when other browsers are used.
- Resolution: It is recommended that the resolution be set to 1024 x 768, 1280 x 1024, or 1440 x 960. Exceptions such as font alignment error and format error may occur when other resolutions are selected.

#### Requirements for server

- The Web service must be enabled for the AP device.
- Login authentication information for Web-based management must be configured for the AP device.
- A management IP address must be configured for the AP device.

#### **Default Configuration**

The following table lists the Web management system default configuration.

Feature	Default Settings
Web service	Enabled
Management IP	192.168.110.1

Default Username/Password	Permission Description
admin/admin	Super administrator with all permissions.

The default password is not saved in show running-config.

#### Login

Type http://X.X.X.X (management IP address), default: <u>http://192.168.110.1</u>, in the address bar of a browser and press **Enter** to access the login page, as shown in the following figure.

Figure 1-2 Login page



After typing the username and password, click Login.

Enter the username and password. Click Login to access the Web management system.

Click **Online Service** for configuration help.

If you enter the wrong username or password for five consecutive times, your account will be locked for 10 minutes.

# 1.3 Web Configuration

# 1.3.1 Config Wizard

Build a WiFi network for STAs to access for Internet services.

Ruíjie AP	프 I Monitoring I I Config I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	& Diagnosis 🛛 💥 Maintain		Enter a search term Q St Config Wizard A admin
😭 Favorites 🛛 🗿	- courses 3	80.«	Marriellan 67.9 m	
🗘 Dashboard	4.70% CP0 Usage <b>3</b> .	67.9%	Memory Usage 07.5 %	Online Users V
우 User Info		Config Wizard—External Network Settings	×	
WE DHCP +	System Time Current Time: 2019-04-22 20:41:44 Running Time: 0 d 08 h 22 min 16 s	·	·))	Device Info MAC: 0074 9cbd.at26 Device SN: G1MQAWQ001850 GPS: Unsupported
	Traffic Tendency			
	1.00	Bridge Mode     DHCP in others devices	O NAT Mode DHCP in AP	RX Traffic
	0.75	VLAN: 1		
	0.25	IP Allocation Mode: DHCP (Dynamic IP)		
	0.00	DHCP IP: 192.168.1.3		2041-25 2041-40 2041-45
	2001103	Note: This function is designed for ease of use based of the function via Web instead of CLL Appreciate port con	on user scenario. It is recommended to configure	20011902 00011902
	Traffics Downlink *	Next	l	Details
		No Flow		No Data

- 1) The **Config Wizard** page is displayed **after successfully logging in** to the Web if the device is in the default factory setting state, as shown in the preceding figure.
- 2) The **Config Wizard** page is also displayed when you click the **Config Wizard** link in the upper-right corner on the homepage.

The device supporting NAT can work in Bridge mode or NAT mode.

Config Wizard—Ext	Config Wizard—External Network Settings ×					
	·····	(ب) بالم	ĺ			
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	NAT Mode				
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP				
Port:	Gi0/1 •	(If you want to change the port, please g	o to device			
	configuration.)					
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP (Dedicated IP)	]				
IP:		*	-			
	Ν	ext				

A device not supporting NAT can work only in Bridge Mode.

Config Wizard—External Network Settings	×
······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
• Bridge Mode	<ul> <li>NAT Mode</li> </ul>
DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP
VLAN: 1	k
IP Allocation Mode: DHCP (Dynamic IP)	
DHCP IP: 192.168.2.47	
Note: This function is designed for ease of use based the function via Web instead of CLL Aggregate port of	d on user scenario. It is recommended to configure
Nex	t

Config Wizard—Wi	Fi		×
SSID:	MACC_YZ	*	•
WiFi Password:		Show Password	1
DHCP:	Enable (IP addresses are allowed)	cated by AP)	
VLAN ID:	1		
IP Range:	192.168.1 1 to 254		
DHCP Gateway:	192.168.1.1	]	
Preferred DNS Server:	114.114.114	Optional	
Secondary DNS Server:		Optional	<b>.</b>
	Finish	Back	

Configure the WiFi parameters, and click **Finish** to finish the configuration.

After the AP device is initialized, please configure the AP device through the **Config Wizard** page.

All quick settings are scenario-based settings. And some of the configuration is delivered by default. If configurations such as NAT, interface, or address pool are changed via CLI or MACC system, it is recommended to not change the configuration again via Quick Settings, otherwise there could be incompatibility.

If the AP device is in access mode, it is recommended to build the gateway and address pool on the other device. If the AP device is in routing mode, it is recommended to build the gateway and address pool on the AP device and configure the NAT for it.

## 1.3.2 Monitor

#### 1.3.2.1 Dashboard

The dashboard enables viewing basic information for the AP device, including the device MAC address, device model, system alarm information, flow trends of AP device ports, latest trends of all management APs, and STA information corresponding to each management AP. In addition, it enables you to know the distribution condition of STA signal strength in real time.



Click the **Traffics** > **Details** or **RSSI Summary** > **Details** link in the lower left corner to view the STA details on the displayed page, for example, the MAC address and RSSI.

#### 1.3.2.2 User Info

User information is displayed here.

Note: If you want	Note: If you want to delete STAs from blacklist or whitelist, please go to Blacklist/Whitelist.							
😋 Refresh 🐻 B	Refresh 🕃 Blacklist 🗒 Whitelist MAC-based: Search							
STA	MAC ‡	IP ÷	Uptime 💠	Speed(Kbps) 🗘	RSSI \$	Channel(Radio)	Network	Action
				No Data	Found			
Show No.: 10	Total Count:0						K First K Pre Next >	Last X 1 GO

#### 1.3.2.3 DHCP

DHCP includes DHCP client list and DHCP server status.

#### 1.3.2.3.1 DHCP Client List

DHCP clients are displayed here.

			IP-based •	Search
IP	MAC	Lease Time	Allocation Type	Action
192.168.23.3	14bd.61a9.79c2	0 Day(s) 23 hour(s) 44 minute(s)	Dynamic Allocation	Delete
Show No.: 10 • To	tal Count:1		K First K Pre (1) Nex	t > Last > 1 GO

#### 1.3.2.3.2 DHCP Server Status

DHCP server status and address pool usage are displayed here.

Pv4 DHCP				Name:	Sear
Name	Usage	IP Address Range	Lease Time	DNS	Default Gatewa
macc_sta_pool	0.40% ( 1 / 253 )	192.168.23.0/255.255.255.0	1 Day(s)	114.114.114.114	192.168.23.1
test_sta	0.00% ( 0 / 253 )	192.168.2.0/255.255.255.0	8 hour(s)		192.168.2.1
Show No.: 5 To	otal Count:2		K First	< Pre 1 Next >	Last X 1 GO
v6 DHCP				Name:	Sea
Name	IP Address Range	Lea	se Time		DNS
		No Data Found			
Chave Na . 🔽 T	ntal Count-0		V	First Z Drs. March N	

# 1.3.3 Configuration

#### 1.3.3.1 WiFi/WLAN

A Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) refers to a network system that allows different PCs to communicate and share resources with each other by interconnecting different PCs through wireless communication technologies. The essence of a WLAN is that PCs are interconnected with each other in wireless rather than wired mode, thus constructing a network and allowing terminals to move more flexibly.

Wi-Fi or WiFi is a technology for wireless local area networking with devices based on the IEEE 802.11standards. Devices that can use Wi-Fi technology include personal computers, video-game consoles, smartphones, digital cameras, tablet computers, smart TVs, digital audio players and modern printers. Wi-Fi compatible devices can connect to the Internet via a WLAN and a wireless access point. Such an access point (or hotspot) has a range of about 20 meters (66 feet) indoors and a greater range outdoors. Hotspot coverage can be as small as a single room with walls that block radio waves, or as large as many square kilometers achieved by using multiple overlapping access points.

Service Set Identifier (SSID), also referred to as ESSID: It is used to distinguish different networks, that is, identifying an ESS. An SSID contains a maximum of 32 characters. A WNIC configured with different SSIDs can access different networks. SSIDs are usually broadcasted by an AP or a wireless router. The scanning function delivered with the XP can be used to view SSIDs within the current area. In consideration of security, SSIDs may not be broadcasted. In this case, users need to manually set SSIDs to access corresponding networks. To be simple, an SSID is the name of a WLAN. Only computers with the same SSID can communicate with each other.

The WLAN allows wireless STAs to access the AP through WiFi for Internet services. Multiple WLANs can be added or deleted.

The following figure shows the page for adding a WLAN.

WiFi-1 + ~	WiFi-1 + Y			
Note: This function is design	Note: This function is designed for ease of use based on user scenario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI.			
WLAN ID:	1 * Range: 1-16			
SSID:	<pre>@eweb_chu_840i *</pre>			
Encryption Type:	WPA/WPA2-PSK •			
WiFi Password:	* Show Password			
	» Advanced Settings			
	Save Delete			

#### • Adding WiFi/WLAN

WLAN ID:	2	* Range: 1-16
SSID:	Eweb_AF262	*
Encryption Type:	WPA/WPA2-PSK	•
WiFi Password:	ewebwifi	*      Show Password
	» Advanced Settings	
	Save	

- 1) Click +, and a new panel for WiFi configuration is displayed.
- 2) Set the WiFi parameters.
- 3) Click **Save** to finish the configuration.
- Editing WiFi/WLAN

WiFi-1 WiFi-2 ×	+ ~
Note: This function is design	ned for ease of use based on user scenario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI.
WLAN ID:	2 * Range: 1-16
SSID:	Eweb_AF262 *
Encryption Type:	WPA/WPA2-PSK •
WiFi Password:	ewebwifi * 🐼 Show Password
	Advanced Settings
	Save

- 1) Click the WiFi panel you want to edit.
- 2) Edit the WiFi configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Edit succeeded message is displayed.

#### WLAN ID

WLAN ID is used to identify a WLAN network.

#### SSID

An SSID is the name of a wireless local area network.

#### **Encryption Type**

Open: No password is required.

WPA/WPA2-PSK: This encryption type is secure and simple, often used in homes and small offices.

WPA/WPA2-802.1x: An authentication server is required. This encryption type is complicated and costs much, not recommended for common users.

#### **Advanced Settings**

#### Hide SSID

This function is disabled by default.

#### SSID Code

UTF-8: Most terminals support UTF-8. The default code is UTF-8.

GBK: Some terminals and PCs support GBK.

#### WiFi Type

Radio1 is a 2.4GHz network and Radio2 is a 5GHz network.

#### **Rate Limiting**

The device only supports rate limiting on each user currently.

wlan-qos wlan-based \* per-user-limit up-streams average-data-rate \*\* burst-data-rate \*\*

wlan-qos wlan-based \* per-user-limit down-streams average-data-rate \*\* burst-data-rate \*\*

#### **5G-prior Access**

This feature will be displayed if supported by the device.

Deleting WiFi/WLAN

WiFi-1 WiFi-2	+ v
Note: This function is design	ned for ease of use based on user scenario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI.
WLAN ID:	2 * Range: 1-16
SSID:	Eweb_AF262 *
Encryption Type:	WPA/WPA2-PSK •
WiFi Password:	ewebwifi * 🗷 Show Password
	Advanced Settings
	Save Delete

1) Click the WiFi panel you want to delete a WiFi.



3) Click **OK** in the dialog box displayed to finish the deletion operation.

### 1.3.3.2 AP

#### 1.3.3.2.1 Radio Settings

Wireless channels transmit RF medium between APs and wireless STAs. The use of channels varies with different countries and frequency bands. For example, the 2.4 GHz frequency band can be configured with 13 channels (channel 1 to channel 13), and the 5 GHz frequency band can be configured with five channels (channels 149, 153, 157, 161, and 165). The overlapping channels in the 2.4 GHz frequency band generate interference. It is recommended that these channels be configured as non-overlapping channels (for example, channels 1, 6, and 11) to avoid radio signal collision. The five channels in the 5 GHz frequency band do not overlap or generate interference.

Wireless channel settings are mainly about adjusting the strength of the WiFi signal sent out by the device. Channel parameters can be set for the 2.4G and 5G networks.

•	Enabling the 2.4G	Network
	<b>Note:</b> If the signal is unstab <b>Note:</b> Take the following fac	le or poor, please modify the following parameters. :tors into consideration: antenna installation, signal interference, magnetic fields, and walls.
	2.4G Network:	
		[Force switching from 2.4GHz to 5GHz Network]
	Country or Region:	CN(China) ~
	Radio Protocol:	11bgn+11ax v
	Radio Channel:	Current Channel: 1
	RF Bandwidth:	20MHz v
	Power:	Enhanced v 🕐
	STA Limit:	<b>20</b> (Range: 1 - 128 )

- Click ON to enable or disable the 2.4G network. 1)
- Click Enforce switching from 2.4GHz to 5GHz Network to switch the network type. 2)
- Enabling the 5G Network

5G Network:		
Country or Region:	CN(China) ~	]
Radio Protocol:	11an+11ac+11ax ~	]
Radio Channel:	149 ~	Current Channel: 149
RF Bandwidth:	40MHz v	]
Power:	Enhanced v	]
STA Limit:	40	(Range: 1- 128)
	Save	

1) Click

to enable or disable the 5G network.

2) Click Enforce switching from 5GHz to 2.4GHz Network to switch the network type.

Country & Region

The country or region of the current radio.

#### Radio Protocol

2.4G Network: (1) 11bgn indicates the set of 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n. (2) 11bgn+11ax indicates the set of 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n and 802.11ax.

5G Network: (1) 11an indicates the set of 802.11a and 802.11n. (2) 11an+11ac indicates the set of 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac. (3) 11an+11ac+11ax indicates the set of 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac and 802.11ax.

#### **Radio Channel**

The channel of the current radio.

#### **RF Bandwidth**

The channel width of the current radio, including 20 Mhz and 40 Mhz.

#### Power

The power of the current radio. Power Saving, Standard and Enhanced indicate 30, 80 and 100 respectively.

#### STA Limit

The number of clients associated to the current radio.

#### 1.3.3.2.2 WDS

Multiple APs are connected to each other in a wireless repeater or bridging mode to connect distributed networks and spread wireless signals. An AP device can be regarded as a repeater. It spreads the front-end network and elongates the WiFi transmission distance for association and connection of STAs far away. Wireless bridging supports the 2.4G network and 5G network bridging.

Enable the 2.4G or 5G network bridging function as required, select the **Central Base Station** operating mode, and click **Save** to finish configuration.

Note: Buildings over 100 mete cost-efficient and effort-saving	ers away from each other need to be connected by optical cables. However, Digging roads or installing overhead lines to lay cables consumes great effort and cost. Applying WDS in this case is . The WDS is deployed on outdoor APs generally. WDS Topology
Radio1 (2.4G) WDS:	
Operating Mode:	⊛ Root Bridge ⊚ Non-root Bridge
Root Bridge Network:	(The WiFi does not exist.) • (The WiFi does not exist.)
Distance:	Meters
Other WiFi Allowed:	(If not ticked, the device has a better forwarding performance.)
State:	WDS succeeded.
Radio2 (5G) WDS:	
Operating Mode:	⊛ Root Bridge ⊚ Non-root Bridge
Root Bridge Network:	(The WiFi does not exist.)  (The WiFi does not exist.)
Distance:	Meters

#### Other WiFi Allowed: 🔲 (If not ticked, the device has a better forwarding performance.)

#### 1.3.3.2.3 iBeacon

iBeacon uses Bluetooth low energy proximity sensing to transmit a universally unique identifier picked up by a compatible app or operating system. The identifier and several bytes sent with it can be used to determine the device's physical location, track customers, or trigger a location-based action on the device such as a check-in on social media or a push notification.

iBeacon signals are broadcast over Bluetooth, and mainly applied to WeChat Shake.

If iBeacon is not displayed in the menu, this function is not supported.				
•	If the AP does no	ot support Bluetooth radio, the following page will be displayed.		
Note: i Exampl	Beacon is the name for Apple's technolo e: After this solution is applied in the ma	gy standard. The underlying communication technology is Bluetooth Low Energy. It allow Mobile Apps (running on both iOS and Android devices) to listen for signals from beacons in the physical world and react accordingly. II, users will get AD push via WeChat Shake. The following data is provided by the third party (mall). ⊘		
UUIE	:	] @		
Majo	n	Range: 0 - 65535	ī	
Mino	n	Range: 0 - 65535		
Sa	ve			

• If the AP does not support Bluetooth radio, the following page will be displayed. You can configure iBeacon globally or based on radio. Radio-based iBeacon settings prevail over global iBeacon settings.

Note: iBeacon is the name for Apple's technology standard. The unde Example: After this solution is applied in the mall, users will get AD p		
Config iBeacon based on R	adio 🛛 🕸 Global Setting	
Radio 1		
UUID:	0	
Major:	Range: 0 - 65535	
Minor:	Range: 0 - 65535	

#### 1.3.3.2.4 Client Limit

Client limit refers to the maximum number of associated STAs.

Note: Client Limit: Client Limit indicates the number of max associated clients allowed by the device				
Client Limit: 512 * (Range 1 - 512)		* (Range 1 - 512)		
	Save			

#### 1.3.3.2.5 Radio Balance

Radio balance refers to the balance of STAs on each radio.

te: Radio balance refers to the balance of STAs on each radio.
inable Load Balance: 🔿
Radio1 : Radio2      RF Access Ratio:      100 :      100 *
Save

#### 1.3.3.3 Network

#### 1.3.3.3.1 External Network Settings

External network settings are mainly about configuration of the communication mode between the AP and external network. Two communication modes are available: Bridge mode and NAT mode.

In **Bridge Mode**, the Ruijie APs act as bridges, allowing wireless clients to obtain their IP addresses from an upstream DHCP server.

In **NAT Mode**, the Ruijie APs run as DHCP servers to assign IP addresses to wireless clients out of a private 10.x.x.x IP address pool behind a NAT.

The AP you use might not support this function, which is subject to the actual menu items.

Note: This function is desig	gned for ease of use based on user so	enario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI. Aggregate port configuration is not supported.
	ĴIJ.Ŵ	
	Bridge Mode	NAT Mode
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP
VLAN:	1	
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP (Dedicated IP)	
IP:	192.168.110.1	(in the same subnet with the uplink device)
Mask:	255.255.255.0	*
Default Gateway:		Optional
	Save	

Note: This function is desig	ned for ease of use based on user sc	cenario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI. Aggregate port configuration is not supported.
	······································	
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	• NAT Mode
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP
Port: IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP (Dedicated IP)	) (If you want to change the port, please go to device configuration.)
IP:	192.168.10.1	] *
IP Mask:	255.255.255.0	]*
Default Gateway:		)*
NAT:	Check this box if you want to	to convert all internal addresses to external addresses.
	Save	

You can select the AP working mode to determine the AP role and then configure based on the corresponding working mode.

Set corresponding parameters and save the configuration.

#### 1.3.3.3.2 Interface

A port is a physical entity that is used for connections on the network devices.

#### Speed

Generally, the speed of an Ethernet physical port is determined through negotiation with the peer device. The negotiated speed can be any speed within the interface capability. You can also configure any speed within the interface capability for the Ethernet physical port on the Web page.

When you configure the speed of an AP port, the configuration takes effect on all of its member ports. (All these member ports are Ethernet physical ports.)

#### **Duplex Mode**

Set the duplex mode of the interface to full-duplex so that the interface can receive packets while sending packets.

Set the duplex mode of the interface to half-duplex so that the interface can receive or send packets at a time.

Set the duplex mode of the interface to auto-negotiation so that the duplex mode of the interface is determined through auto negotiation between the local interface and peer interface.

#### **Interface Name**

You can configure the name of an interface based on the purpose of the interface. For example, if you want to assign GigabitEthernet 1/1 for exclusive use by user A, you can describe the interface as "Port for User A."

#### Administrative Status

You can configure the administrative status of an interface to disable the interface as required. If the interface is disabled, no frame will be received or sent on this interface, and the interface will loss all its functions. You can enable a disabled interface by configuring the administrative status of the interface. Two types of interface administrative status are defined: Up and Down. The administrative status of an interface is Down when the interface is disabled, and Up when the interface is enabled.

#### **\** Interface Settings

Interface					
Port	Link Status	Admin Status Description	Information		Action
Gi0/1	Up	Up			Edit
Gi0/2	Down	Up	IPv4: 192.168.111.1, Mask: 255.255.255.0		Edit
Gi0/3	Down	Up	IPv4: 192.168.112.1, Mask: 255.255.255.0		Edit
Show No.: 10	Total Count:	}		K First ≤ Pre 1 Next > Last >	1 GO

#### • Editing port settings

Port	Link Status	Admin State	s Description	Information		Action
Gi0/1	Up	Up				Edit
Gi0/2	Down	Up	Edit Port Gi0/1		×	Edit
Gi0/3	Down	Up				Edit
Show No.: 10 •	) Total Count:3		Admin Status:	Up •		Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO
			IPv4:			
			Mask:			
			Description:			
				» Advanced Settings		
				Cancel		

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for a port in the list.
- 2) The configuration for the port is displayed in the dialog box. Next, edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.

#### 1.3.3.3.3 VLAN

A Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) is a logical network created based on a physical network. A VLAN can be categorized into Layer-2 networks of the OSI model.

A VLAN has the same properties as a common LAN, except for physical location limitation. Unicast, broadcast and multicast frames of Layer 2 are forwarded and transmitted within a VLAN, keeping traffic segregated.

We may define a port as a member of a VLAN, and all terminals connected to this port are parts of a virtual network that supports multiple VLANs. You do not need to adjust the network physically when adding, removing and modifying users. Communication among VLANs is realized through Layer-3 devices, as shown in the following figure.



The VLANs supported by Ruijie products comply with the IEEE802.1Q standard. A maximum of 4094 VLANs (VLAN ID 1-4094) are supported, among which VLAN 1 cannot be deleted.

+ Ad	d VLAN X Delete S	elected				
	VLAN ID	IPv4	IPv4 Mask	IPv6 Address/Mask	IP Allocation Mode	Action
	1	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0		DHCP	Edit
	2	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0		Static IP Address	Edit Delete
Sho	w No.: 10 🔻 Total	Count:2			K First K Pre (1)	Next > Last > 1 GO

#### Adding a VLAN

Add VLAN	×
VLAN ID: (	* (Range: 1-4094)
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP Address
IP:	
Submask:	
	℅ Advanced Settings <sup>™</sup>
IPv6 Address/Mask:	+
	Cancel Save

Click **Add VLAN**. A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. Set corresponding parameters in the dialog box and click **Save**. The newly added VLAN is displayed in the VLAN list after the **Add operation succeeded** message is displayed.

Deleting VLANs in batches

+ Add	VLAN × Delete S	elected				
	VLAN ID	IPv4	IPv4 Mask	IPv6 Address/Mask	IP Allocation Mode	Action
	1	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0		DHCP	Edit
	2	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0		Static IP Address	Edit Delete
Shov	/ No.: 10 ▼ Total	Count:2			K First < Pre 1	Next > Last > 1 GO

- 1) Select the VLAN to be deleted from the list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected to finish deleting.
- Editing a VLAN

Edit VLAN		×
VLAN ID:	2 * (Range: 1-4094)	
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP Address	
IP:	192.168.10.1	
Submask:	255.255.255.0	
	» Advanced Settings	
	Cancel Save	

Click the **Edit** button. A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. Click **Save**. The **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

• Deleting a VLAN

VLAN IE	IPv4	IPv4 Mask	IPv6 Address/Mask	IP Allocation Mode	Action
1	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0		DHCP	Edit
2	192.168.10.1	255.255.255.0		Static IP Address	Edit Delete
how No.: 10	Total Count:2	? Are the the test of the test of the test of test	X you sure you want to delete vLAN? Cancel	K First K Pr	e (1) Next > Last > 1 G

Click the **Delete** button for a VLAN in the list and then click **OK** in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting.

#### 1.3.3.3.4 Route

Routing is the process of selecting a path for traffic in a network, or between or across multiple networks.

Static routing is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry. In many cases, static routes are manually configured by a network administrator by adding in entries into a routing table, though this may not always be the case.

Default route is a setting on a computer that defines the packet forwarding rule to use when no specific route can be determined for a given Internet Protocol (IP) destination address. All packets for destinations not established in the routing table are sent via the default route.

Note: Routin Route-2. + Add Static	ng includes a primary route and b	ackup routes. When the prin	nary route does not work, a backup ro	oute takes effect in accord	lance with the priority level.	The Backup Route-1 has hig	rer priority than the Backup
Dest	tination Subnet	Subnet Mask	Next Hop Address	Egress Port	Routing	Туре	Action
0.0.0	0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.1	VLAN1	Primary Route	Default Route	Edit Delete
Show No.:	10 Total Count:1				K	First < Pre (1) Ne	xt > Last > 1 GO

#### • Adding a static route

Note: Route	Routing includes a primary 2.	route and backup	d backup routes. When the primary route does not work, a backup route takes effect in accordance with the priority level. The Backup Route-1 has higher priority than the Backu				
+ Add	- Add Static Route + Add Default Route × Delete Selected						
	Destination Subnet	Su	Add Static Route		×	Action	
	0.0.0.0	0.0				Route Edit Delete	
Show	/ No.: 10 ▼ Total Cou	int:1	IP Type:	● IPv4		Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO	
			Destination Subnet:	×			
			Subnet Mask:	*			
			Egress Port:	Select Port			
			Next Hop Address:	*			
			Routing:	Primary Route			
				Cancel Save			

Click Add Static Route, set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed, and click Save. The newly added static route is displayed in the route list after the Save operation succeeded message is displayed.

• Adding the default route

<b>Note:</b> Routing includes a primary route and backu Route-2.	p routes. When the primary route does not work, a backup route takes effect in accordance with the priority level. The	Backup	Route-1 has higher priority than the Backup
+ Add Static Route + Add Default Route	Add Default Route	×	
Destination Subnet Su	ID Turner @ ID-4 Durf		Action
0.0.0.0 0.0			Route Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1	Egress Port: Select Port •		Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO
	Next Hop Address: *		
	Routing: Primary Route		
	Cancel Save		

Click **Add Default Route**. Set the configuration items in the displayed dialog box, and click **Save**. The newly added route is displayed in the route list after the **Save operation succeeded** message appears.

• Deleting routes in batches

Add Static Route + Add De	fault Route 🗙 Delete Sel	ected				
Destination Subnet	Subnet Mask	Next Hop Address	Egress Port	Routing	Туре	Action
0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	192.168.1.1	VLAN1	Primary Route	Default Route	Edit Delete
ow No.: 10 ▼ Total Count	:1				K First K Pre (1)	Next > Last > 1

- 1) Select the route from the list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected Route to finish deleting.
- Editing a route

Note: Routing includes a primary route and backup	o routes. When the prim	ary route does not work, a backu	o route takes effect in accordan	ice with the priority level. The Ba	ckup Route-1 has higher priori	ty than the Backup Route-2.	
+ Add Static Route + Add Default Route	× Delete Selected						
Destination Subnet	Subnet Mask	Edit Static Poute	•	Parrie Dank	×	Туре	Action
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	Luit Static Route				Static Route	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1		IP Type:	⊛ IPv4			K First 🛛 K Pre 🤇	1) Next > Last > 1 GO
		Destination Subnet:	192.168.1.1	×			
		Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.255	*			
		Egress Port:	Select Port	•			
		Next Hop Address:	192.168.1.0	*			
		Routing:	Primary Route	• ②			
			Cancel	Save			

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for a route in the list.
- 2) A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. The configuration for the route is displayed. Next, edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting a route

Note: Routing includes a primary route and bac	kup routes. When the primary route do	bes not work, a backup route takes effect i	n accordance with the priority level.	The Backup Route-1 has higher	priority than the Backup Route-	2.
+ Add Static Route + Add Default Rout	e X Delete Selected					
Destination Subnet	Subnet Mask	Next Hop Address	Egress Port	Routing	Туре	Action
192.168.1.1	255.255.255.255	192.168.1.0		Primary Route	Static Route	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1					K First K Pre	1 Next > Last > 1 GC

Click the **Delete** button for a route in the list and then click **OK** in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting.

#### 1.3.3.3.5 DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) is a client/server protocol that automatically provides an Internet Protocol (IP) host with its IP address and other related configuration information such as the subnet mask and default gateway. RFCs 2131 and 2132 define DHCP as an Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) standard based on Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP), a protocol with which DHCP shares many implementation details. DHCP allows hosts to obtain required TCP/IP configuration information from a DHCP server.

DHCP supports three mechanisms for IP address allocation. In "automatic allocation", DHCP assigns a permanent IP address to a client. In "dynamic allocation", DHCP assigns an IP address to a client for a limited period of time (or until the client explicitly relinquishes the address). In "static allocation", a client's IP address is assigned by the network administrator, and DHCP is used simply to convey the assigned address to the client. A particular network will use one or more of these mechanisms, depending on the policies of the network administrator.

#### **DHCP Settings**

DHCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List			
+ Add DHCP × Delet	te Selected Ø Excluded A	ddress Range DHCP:				
Name	IP Address Range		Default Gateway	Lease Time	DNS	Action
ap_pool1	192.168.10.1-192.168.1	0.254	192.168.10.1	8 hour(s)	192.168.58.110,8.8.8.8	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 To	otal Count:1				K First < Pre	Next > Last > 1 GO

• Adding a DHCP Pool

DH	CP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List				
+ Add	DHCP × Delet	e Selected Ø Exclude	d Address Range DHCP: (	ON				
	Name	IP Address Range		Default Gateway	Lease Time	DNS		Action
	ap_pool1	192.168.10.1-192.1	Add DHCP				×	Edit Delete
Show	w No.: 10 ▼ To	tal Count:1	Pool Name:		*		Pre (1	Next > Last > 1 GO
			Туре:	● IPv4  ◎ IPv6				
			Address Range:	1 to	254 *			
			Default Gateway:		*			
			Lease Time:	8	nour(s) •		•	
				Cancel	Save			

Click **Add DHCP**, set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed, and click **Save**. The newly added DHCP pool is displayed in the DHCP pool list after the **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

• Deleting DHCPs in batches

Dł	HCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List			
+ Ad	ld DHCP × Delete	e Selected ØExcluded Ac	ddress Range DHCP:	ON			
	Name	IP Address Range		Default Gateway	Lease Time	DNS	Action
	ap_pool1	192.168.10.1-192.168.1	0.254	192.168.10.1	8 hour(s)	192.168.58.110,8.8.8	Edit Delete
Shc	w No.: 10 ▼ To	tal Count:1	() Ai th	re you sure you want to he selected address poo Cancel OK	X delete l(s)?	K First K	Pre (1) Next > Last > 1 GO

- 1) Select the DHCP pool from the list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected DHCP and then click OK in the dialog box displayed to finish deleting.
- Configuring excluded address range

+ Add DHG	CP × Delete Selec	cted Ø Excluded Address Range	DHCP: ON			
🖉 Na	ame IP/	Address Range	Default Gateway	Lease Time	DNS	Action
e ap	_pool1 192	2.168.10.1-192.168.10.254	192.168.10.1	8 hour(s)	192.168.58.110,8.8.8.8	Edit Delete
Show No.	.: 10 • Total Cou	unt:1			K First < Pi	re (1) Next > Last > (1) GO
		Excluded Add	ress Range		×	
		Excluded Addre formatted as 1.1	ss Range: Excluded addresses will not be .1.1-1.1.1.30. Entering only 1.1.1.1 indicate	allocated to the client. The e s one single excluded addres	xcluded address range is s.	
		Excluded Add	ress Range1:	-	]+	
			Cancel	Save		

Click **Excluded Address Range**. A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. Set the configuration items in the displayed dialog box, and click **Save**. The newly configured address range is displayed in the DHCP pool list after the **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

Excluded Address Range	×
Excluded Address Range: Excluded addresses will not be allocated to the client. The excluded address range is formatted as 1.1.1.1.1.1.30. Entering only 1.1.1.1 indicates one single excluded address.	,
Excluded Address Range1:+	
Cancel	

#### DHCP service

+ Add	DHCP × Delete	Selected Ø Excluded Address Range				
•	Name	IP Address Range	Default Gateway	Lease Time	DNS	Action
•	ap_pool1	192.168.10.1-192.168.10.254	192.168.10.1	8 hour(s)	192.168.58.110,8.8.8.8	Edit Delete
Show	v No.: 10 ▼ Tota	al Count:1			K First < Pre (	1 Next > Last > 1 GO

DHCP: Click

to enable or disable the DHCP service.

• Editing a DHCP pool

-			
92.1	Edit DHCP	×	
	Pool Name: ap_pool1 *	A	Pre
	Type: <ul> <li>IPv4</li> <li>IPv6</li> </ul>		
	Address Range: 192.168.10 1 to 254 *		
	Default Gateway: 192.168.10.1 *		
	Lease Time: 8 hour(s) *	Ŧ	
	Cancel		

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for a DHCP pool in the list.
- 2) The configuration for the DHCP pool is displayed in the dialog box. Next, edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting a DHCP pool

DHCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List						
Add DHCP 🗙 Delet	te Selected Ø Excluded Add	Iress Range DHCP:							
Name	IP Address Range		Default Gateway	Le	ase Time	DNS	Ac	tion	
ap_pool1	192.168.10.1-192.168.10	254	192.168.10.1	8 H	our(s)	192.168.58.110,8.8.8.	8	dit Delete	
how No.: 10 • To	otal Count:1	P     au     se     tc	ease retain at least one ddress pool for the DCH ervice. Are you sure you o delete the address pool Cancel OK	X DHCP IP want J?		K First	< Pre 1 Next >	Last X 1	60

Click **Delete** to finish deleting.

**Static Address** 

Add Static Address 🗙	Delete Selected					
Client Name	Client IP	Mask	Gateway Address	Client MAC	DNS Server	Action
test	192.168.1.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	0002.0001.0004	8.8.8.8	Edit Delete
how No.: 10 • Total	Count:1				K First K Pre 🚺	Next > Last > 1

• Adding a static address

Add Static Address	×
Client Name:	*
Client IP:	*
Mask:	
Client MAC:	*
Gateway Address:	*
DNS:	*
	Cancel Save

Click Add Static Address, set the configuration items in the displayed dialog box, and then click Save. The newly added static address is displayed in the list after the Save operation succeeded message is displayed.

Deleting static addresses in batches

+ Add Static Address × Del	ete Selected					
Client Name	Client IP	Mask	Gateway Address	Client MAC	DNS Server	Action
🔲 test	192.168.1.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	0002.0001.0004	8.8.8	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 • Total Con	unt-1	⑦ Arr the	e you sure you want to delete e static address? Cancel	×	K First ≺ Pre (1	) Next > Last > 1 GO

- 1) Select the static address from the list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected Address and then click OK in the dialog box displayed to finish deleting.
- Editing a static address

lit Static Address		×
Client Name:	test *	
Client IP:	192.168.1.4 *	
Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Client MAC:	*	
Gateway Address:	192.168.1.1 *	
DNS:	8.8.8.8 *	
	Cancel	

- 1) Click the Edit button for a static address in the list. A dialog box is displayed.
- 2) The configuration for the static address is displayed in the dialog box. Next, edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting a static address

]	Client Name	Client IP	Mask	Gateway Address		Client MAC	DNS Server	Action
	test	192.168.1.4	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1		0002.0001.0004	8.8.8.8	Edit Delete
ON	No.: 10 Total C	Count:1			×		K First K Pre (1	Next > Last > 1
			(?) /	Are you sure you want to delete the static address?				
				Cancel				

Click the **Delete** button for a static address in the list to finish deleting.

#### **DHCP** Relay

# Web-based Configuration

DHCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List
Note: Please go to DHCF	to enable DHCP server before	enabling DHCP relay.	
DHCP server IP	1:	+	
	Save		

#### Enter the relay server address and click Save.

#### **U** Client List

DHCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay	Client List		
Note: If you want to de	lete a static address converted f	rom a dynamic address, plea	se go to the Static Address page.		
Bind MAC to Dynar	nic IP			IP-based •	
IP	MAC	Le	ase Time	Allocation Type	Action
192.168.10.2	b40b.4456.f8	37 0 [	Day(s) 7 hour(s) 59 minute(s)	Dynamic Allocation	Delete
Show No.: 10 T	otal Count:1			K First ≤ Pre 1 Next >	Last X

#### • Binding a MAC address to a dynamic IP address

Note: If you want to delete a static address cor	werted from a dynamic address, please go t	p the Static Address page.		
Ø Bind MAC to Dynamic IP			IP-based 🔻	Search
IP MAC	Lease Time	Allocation Type	Action	
Show No.: 1 • Total Count:0	() Bind ope informati after the time.	ration succeeded. STA on will be updated STA goes online next	K First ≺ Pre Next ≻ Last ౫ [	1 GO

- 1) Select the static address from the list.
- 2) Click Bind MAC to Dynamic IP and then click OK in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting.
- Querying clients based on IP address:

DHCP Settings	Static Address	DHCP Relay Client List		
Note: If you want to del	ete a static address converted fr	om a dynamic address, please go to the Static	Address page.	
Bind MAC to Dynam	nic IP		IP-bas	sed 🔻 192. Sea
IP IP	MAC	Lease Time	Allocation Type	Action
192.168.10.2	b40b.4456.f8	0 Day(s) 7 hour(s)	9 minute(s) Dynamic Allocati	ion Delete
Show No : 10 - To	tal Count:1		K First <	Pre (1) Next > Last > 1

Input the IP address in the text box. Click Search. The search results meeting the criterion are displayed in the list.

#### 1.3.3.3.6 Port Mapping

Generally, this function is used to map a specified port of a specified host in the internal network to a specified port of an external network address.

te: A port of the specified	host on the intranet is mapped t	to the specified port of	on the internet generally.				
dd Port Mapping 🗙	Delete Selected						
Mapping Mode	Internal IP Address	Inner Port	External IP Address	Outer Port	Protocol Type	Port	Action
Port Mapping	192.168.10.4	8083	-	8083	ТСР	GigabitEthernet 0/2	Edit Delete
ow No.: 10 ▼ Total C	Count:1				K	First < Pre (1) Next >	Last X 1

• Adding port mapping

Note: A port of the specified host on the intrane	Add Port Mapping	×		
+ Add Port Mapping X Delete Selected	Marsia Madu a su			
Mapping Mode     Internal IP	Mapping Mode: Port Mapping			Action
Port Mapping 192.168.10.	Internal IP: *		itEthernet 0/2	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1	Inner Port: (Range: 1-65535)		Pre (1) Next >	Last X 1 GO
	External IP:   External IP:   External terms:   *			
	O Use Port Address: Gi0/2 ▼			
	Outer Port: (Range: 1-65535)			
	Protocol Type: TCP •			
	Cancel			

Click **Add Port Mapping**, set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed, and then click **Save**. The newly added port mapping is displayed in the list after the **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

• Batch deleting port mapping entries

do	Port Mapping 🗙 🛛	Pelete Selected						
	Mapping Mode	Internal IP Address	Inner Port	External IP Address	Outer Port	Protocol Type	Port	Action
	Port Mapping	192.168.10.4	8083	-	8083	ТСР	GigabitEthernet 0/2	Edit Delete
ov	No.: 10 Total C	ount:1				K	First < Pre (1) Next >	Last X 1

- 1) Select the port mapping from the list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected Port Mapping and then click OK in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting.
- Editing port mapping
| Edit Port Mapping |                             | × |
|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Mapping Mode:     | Port Mapping •              |   |
| Internal IP:      | *                           |   |
| Inner Port:       | 8083 * (Range: 1-65535)     |   |
| External IP:      | Enter Address:     *        |   |
|                   | ● Use Port Address: Gi0/2 ▼ |   |
| Outer Port:       | 8083 * (Range: 1-65535)     |   |
| Protocol Type:    | ТСР •                       |   |
|                   |                             |   |
|                   | Cancel Save                 |   |

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for a port mapping in the list.
- 2) The configuration for port mapping is displayed in the dialog box. Next, edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting port mapping

Ad	d Port Mapping 🗙 🛛	Delete Selected						
	Mapping Mode	Internal IP Address	Inner Port	External IP Address	Outer Port	Protocol Type	Port	Action
	Port Mapping	192.168.10.4	8083	-	8083	ТСР	GigabitEthernet 0/2	Edit Delete
ho۱	v No.: 10 ▼ Total C	ount:1				ŀ	<pre>&lt; First &lt; Pre 1 Next &gt;</pre>	Last X 1 G

Click the **Delete** button for a port mapping entry in the list to finish deleting.

### 1.3.3.3.7 VPN

It is only allowed to configure VPN settings on a WAN port.

Note: IPSec settings only ta	ke effect on a layer-3 interface.	
WAN Port:	Fi0/1 ~	(If you change the WAN port here, please also change the uplink port on the device.)
Local IP Address:		*(Example: 192.168.0.0)
Local Submask:		*
HQ IP Address:		*(Example: 192.168.0.0)
HQ Submask:		*
VPN Address:		*
Shared Key:		*

The Advanced Settings include some algorithm settings. It is recommended to use the default settings.

	× Adv	anced Se	ettings		
Encryption Algorithm:	DES	⊖3DES	OAES256	OAES192	OAES128
Auth Algorithm:	MD5	⊖SHA			
DH Group	⊖5 ⊚2	01			
ESP Encryption	esp-d	es			
Algorithm:					
ESP Auth Algorithm:	●esp-m	id5-hma	с		
Keepalive Time(s):	300				
	Sa	ive	Cle	ear	

### 1.3.3.4 Security

### 1.3.3.4.1 Containment

Rogue APs may exist in a WLAN. Rogue APs may have security vulnerabilities and can be manipulated by attackers to seriously threaten and endanger network security. The containment function can be enabled on the AP to attack rogue devices and prevent other wireless STAs from being associated with rogue devices.

### **\** Containment Settings

Containment Settings		
	Trusted Device List Keyword	
Note: The function detects and contain Note: If you want to view rogue APs, p	tains unauthorized or malicious APs (such as rogue AP, unauthorized AP, attacker-controlled AP, illegal bridge and unauthorized ad-hoc device) to protect users. 2s, please click[Rogue AP]	
Rogue AP Containment: ON	C[Scan All Neighboring APs]	
Working Mode: O Monit	onitor 🔿 Hybrid 🛞 Normal 🧭	
Apply to: <a>Apply</a> AP	ORadio Al Radio 📀	
Containment Mode: 🗆 SSID M	ID Mode: Contain APs emitting the same WIFI signal as the current AP [Configure Phishing WIFI Keyword]	
AdHo	Hoc Mode: Contain APs emitting signals simulated by non-APs (such as AdHoc)	
🗌 Rogue	gue Mode: Contain APs according to RSSI	
CONF	INFIG Mode: Contain APs by configuring the MAC address and the SSID blacklist manually [+MAC Address] [+SSID Blacklist]	
🗆 Enable	able Fuzzy Containment 💿	
Containment Range: 🔘 Scan/G	an/Contain APs in the same channel as the current AP	
⊖ Scan/0	an/Contain APs in all channels (consuming more resources)	
Sa	Save	
Click to	to enable or disable rogue AP containment for the device.	
<ul> <li>Adding a MA</li> </ul>	IAC address	
You can add the M	MAC address to be contained here.	
Add MAC A	Address(BSSID) to be Contained	X
	+ Add	
Current MA	AC: 8005.8808.17e0	Ţ
Current MA	IAC: 8005.8808.17e0 Cancel Save	Ţ

You can add the MAC address to be contained here.

Add SSID Blacklist		×
	+ Add	A
		-
	Cancel Save	

### **I** Trusted AP

When the rogue AP containment function is enabled, the APs not authorized will be contained. However, some APs are trusted devices and special processing is required. You can configure the MAC addresses of trusted devices.

Containment Settings	Trusted Device List	Keyword		
Note: The following MAC addresses	correspond to trusted APs, which wil	I not be contained.		
Trusted MAC(BSSID):				
	+ Add			
> Tr	usted Vendor List			
OUI:		Multi-to-Multi	SSID:	
+ Add		$ \rightarrow $	+ Add	
Save				

### ↘ Phishing WiFi Keyword

If an SSID matches with the keyword fuzzily, the WiFi is a phishing WiFi.

Containment Settings	Trusted Device List	Keyword		
Note: If an SSID matches with the k Note: The keyword takes effect on	eyword fuzzily, the WiFi is a phishing ly when fuzzy containment is enabled.	WiFi. Please enable fuzzy con	tainment first.[Containment Settings]	
Phishing WiFi Keyword1:	+			
	Save			
_				

### 1.3.3.4.2 Prevent Share

Click this button to enable the sharing prevention function to detect whether one STA provides the proxy service to another and add the STA providing the proxy service to the STA dynamic blacklist.

Note:	Enable the Prevent Share function to detect the proxy server service provided by one STA to another STA, and then reverse it.
Note:	The anti-sharing function can take effect only after the STA dynamic blacklist function is enabled. [STA Dynamic Blacklist]
	Prevent Share: OFF

### 1.3.3.4.3 Blacklist & Whitelist

This function allows or blocks specified users from accessing the WiFi.

The whitelist/blacklist capacity is 1024 by default.

### **Blacklist & Whitelist**

Add the blacklist or whitelist user by adding the MAC address.

### Web-based Configuration

Blacklist & Whitelist	SSID-based Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelist	OLII Blacklist & Whitelist	STA Dynamic Blacklist		
	SSID Dased Dideklist	Dynamic blackist & whitehst	OUT DIACKISE & WIITCHSE	STA Dynamic blackist		
Note: The function specifies the	ne users allowed to access the WiFi or o	lenied from accessing the WiFi. The MAC addres	is is the hardware address of the client (suc	h as laptop or mobile phone) associated	d with the AP.	
List Type: 💿 Deny MAC add	dress from accessing WiFi (Blackli	st) OPermit MAC address to access W	iFi (Whitelist)			
🕂 Add User 🛛 🖻 Batch Imp	port Users		MAC-t	based •	Search	Reset
Name		MAC	Action			
		No Data Fo	und			
Show No.: 10 🕶 Total (	Count:0			K First K Pre Next > 1	Last X 🚺	GO
Current MAC:						

# Click + Add User to add a MAC address for a user. You can add multiple MAC addresses.

Note: The function specifies the users	allowed to access the WiFi or o	denied from accessing th	ne WiFi. The MAC address is the l	ardware address of the	client (such as laptop o	r mobile phone) ass	sociated with the AP.
List Type: ) Deny MAC address fro	om accessing WiFi (Blackli	st) 🔿 Permit MAC	address to access WiFi (Wh	telist)			
+ Add User × Delete Selected	🖪 Batch Import Users				MAC-based 🗸		Search Reset
Name	Add User					×	
D 1							
Show No.: 10 ✔ Total Count:		Name:	MAC:	* ×	+Add	1) Next	t > Last > 1 GO
Current MAC:		Default Max Black	list STAs: 4096				
						_	
			Cancel OK				

• Deleting a blacklist user

Click Delete to delete a MAC address for a user.

Note: The function specifies the use	rs allowed to access the WiF	or denied from accessing the WiFi. The MAC address is the	hardware address of the client (such as laptop or mobile phone) associated with the AP.
List Type: O Deny MAC address	from accessing WiFi (Bla	cklist) O Permit MAC address to access WiFi (W	nitelist)
+ Add User × Delete Selecte	d 🛛 📽 Batch Import Use	rs	MAC-based V Search Re
Name	MAC	×	Action
□ 1		Are you sure you want to delete the blacklist user?	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 ✔ Total Coun	t:1		K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 G
Current MAC:	Delete All	Cancel OK	

- Deleting blacklist users in batches
- 1. Select one or more records from the list.
- 2. Click Delete Selected.

### Web-based Configuration

Note: The function specifies the use	rs allowed to access the WiFi or	denied from accessing the WiFi. The MAC address is the	hardware address of the client (such as laptop or mobile phone) associated with the AP.
List Type:  Deny MAC address	from accessing WiFi (Black	list) O Permit MAC address to access WiFi (Wh	itelist)
+ Add User × Delete Selecte	d 🖪 Batch Import Users		MAC-based V Search Reset
Name	MAC	×	Action
<b>2</b> 1		Are you sure you want to delete the blacklist users?	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 V Total Coun	t:1		K First < Pre (1) Next > Last > (1) GO
Current MAC:	Delete All	Cancel	

- Importing blacklist users
- 1. Click Batch Import Users.
- 2. Download the template file and enter the data.
- 3. Import the file.

Note: The function specifies the users allowed to a	ccess the WiFi or denied from accessing the WiFi. The MAC address is the hardware address of t	he client (such as laptop or	mobile phone) associat	ted with the AP.	
List Type:  Deny MAC address from accessi	ng WiFi (Blacklist) O Permit MAC address to access WiFi (Whitelist)				
+ Add User 🗙 Delete Selected 🗳 Batch	Import Users	MAC-based V		Search	Reset
Name N	Batch Import Users	×			
🖸 1					
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:1	Note: It is recommended to download the template, fill in data and import the file.Templa Template List Capacity: 4096	te: listen.csv Download	re (1) Next >	Last X 1	GO
Current MAC: Delete A					
	File: Browse Import				

### SSID-based Blacklist

Blacklist & Whitelist	SSID-based Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelist	OUI Blacklist & Whitelist	STA Dynamic Blacklist
Note: If you want to add a Wif	Fi, please go to Add WiFi			
SSID	Action			
1.00	Blacklist/Whitelist	OUI Whitelist & Blacklist		
Show No.: 10 🗸 Total Co	ount:1		K First K Pre 🚺	Next > Last > 1 GO

Click Blacklist/Whitelist in the list and configure the whitelist/blacklist for the specified SSID.

### Web-based Configuration

### **Configuration Guide**

acklist & Whitelist	SSID-based Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelist	OUI Blacklist & Whitelist	STA Dynamic Blacklis
Blacklist,	/Whitelist			
<b>Note:</b> The function specifie associated with the AP.	es the users allowed to access the Wif	i or denied from accessing the WiFi. The MAC a	ddress is the hardware address of the client	(such as laptop or mobile phon
List Type: 💿 Deny MAC	address from accessing WiFi (Bl	acklist) O Permit MAC address to acce	ss WiFi (Whitelist)	
🕂 Add User 🛛 🖪 Batch	Import Users		MAC-based V	Search Rese
Name		МАС	Action	
		No Data Found		
Show No.: 10 🗸 Tot	tal Count:0		K First 🔍 Pre Next	t > Last > 1 GO
Current MAC:				

You can select the blacklist/whitelist type, add blacklist/whitelist users, and import blacklist/whitelist users.

### **Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelist**

Add malicious attack sources to the dynamic blacklist to prohibit access.

Blacklist & Whitelist	SSID-based Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelis	t OUI Blacklist & Whitelist	STA Dynamic Blacklist
Note: With attack detection an out, the attack source will be rer	d dynamic blacklist function enabled moved from the blacklist automatica	d, the AP adds the attack source to the dyn ally.	amic blacklist automatically after identifying the att	ack. When the effective time runs
Detection Mode:	Flood Attack Detection 🧿 (	🗆 Spoofing Attack Detection 🧑	□ Weak Initialization Vector Detection ⑦	🗌 DDoS Attack 🕜
Dynamic Blacklist: 🔲	On			
Effective Time: 3	*	(Range: 60-86400 seconds)		
	Save			
C Refresh X Delete Select	ed			
Number	MAC	Effective Time	Туре	Action
		No Data Found		
Show No.: <b>10 →</b> Total Co	unt:0		K First K Pre N	ext > Last > 1 GO

- 1) Set the parameters and then save the configuration.
- 2) Select the blacklist from the list.
- 3) Click Delete Selected and then click OK in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting.
- **OUI Blacklist & Whitelist**

### Web-based Configuration

### **Configuration Guide**

Blacklist & Whitelist	SSID-based Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & W	hitelist	OUI Blacklist & V	Vhitelist	STA Dynamic Blacklist	
Note: You can configure whitel	isted OUI to allow(noallow) some org	anizations to access Eweb.					
List Type: 💿 The following n	nanufacturers are prohibited from	m accessing WiFi (black list)	⊖ Only the	following manufactur	ers are allowed to	access WiFi (white list)	
+ Add OUI X Delete Sele	ected 🛛 🛃 Import OUIs				Input an OUI	Search	et
Remark	ουι		Action				
		No Data Fo	ound				
Show No.: <b>10 -</b> Total C	iount:0			K Fi	rst < Pre Nex	t > Last > 1 GO	)
	CI	lear All					
Add OUI							
Note: You can configure whitelist	ted OUI to allow(noallow) some orga	nizations to access Eweb.					
List Type:  The following ma	anufacturers are prohibited from	n accessing WiFi (black list)	⊖ Only the	following manufactur	ers are allowed to	o access WiFi (white list)	
+ Add OUI X Delete Selec	ted 📑 Import OUIs				Input an OUI	Search Res	et
Remark     Ac	dd blacklist manufacturer					×	
Show No.: 10 V Tot	Name:	OUI:		* <b>X</b>	+Add	Last X 1 GC	2
		Cancel	ОК				

Click **Add OUI**, set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed, and click **Save**. The newly added OUI is displayed in the OUI list after the **Add succeeded** message is displayed.

• Deleting OUIs in batches

t Type:  The following manufacturers a	re prohibited	from accessing WiFi (black list)	() Or	Only the following manufacturers are allowed to access WiFi (white list)
Add OUI 🗙 Delete Selected 📑 Impe	or		×	Input an OUI Search Rese
🖌 Remark OUI	?	Are you sure you want to delete the blacklist of selected		Action
<b>2</b> 1		manufacturers?		Delete
Show No.: 10 - Total Count:1		Cancel		K First K Pre 1 Next X Last X 1 GO

- 1. Select the OUI from the list.
- 2. Click **Delete Selected** and then click **OK** in the dialog box displayed to finish deleting.

### Deleting a OUI

Note: Yo	Note: You can configure whitelisted OUI to allow(noallow) some organizations to access Eweb.						
List Type	:   The following manufa	cturers are proh	nibited from accessing WiFi (black list)	○ Only the following manufa	acturers are allowed to access WiFi (white list)		
+ Add C	OUI X Delete Selected	🕑 Impor		×	Input an OUI Search Reset		
	Remark	ουι	Are you sure to delete the black	Action			
	1	0001.12	list manufacturer?	Delete			
Show M	No.: 10 🗸 Total Count:1		Cancel	K Firs	t < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO		
			Clear All				

### Click **Delete** to finish deleting.

Importing OUIs

Note: You can configure whitelisted C	UI to allow(noallow) some organizations to access Eweb.			
List Type:  The following manufacture	acturers are prohibited from accessing WiFi (black list) $\bigcirc$ Only the following manufacture	urers are allowed to a	access WiFi (white l	ist)
+ Add OUI X Delete Selected	ef Import OUIs	Input an OUI	Search	Reset
Remark	Batch import blacklist manufacturers	×		
☐ 1 Show No.: 10 ♥ Total Cour	Note: It is recommended to download the template, fill in data and import the file.Template: oullist.         Download Template List Capacity: 4096         The '[end]' at the end of the template is the configuration terminator and cannot be deleted, otherw import will fail.         The template format is as follows:         type   mac   SSID   apg-name   wlan-id   ap-mac   mnemonic         Type in the template should fill in vendor blacklist, and MAC column should not be empty!         Example: 0001.11. If you enter 1.11, it will be displayed as 0001.11.         Blacklist manufacturer:       Browse	t	> Last > 1	) 60

- 1. Click Import OUIs.
- 2. Download the template file and enter the data.
- 3. Import the file.

### STA Dynamic Blacklist

Add malicious attack sources and illegitimate STAs to the STA dynamic blacklist to prevent their access.

### Web-based Configuration

	SSID-Dased Blacklist	Dynamic Blacklist & Whitelist	OUI Blacklist & White	list	STA Dynam	ie blackist
lote: When the effective time i	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto	omatically.			
Dynamic Blacklist: 🗌 On						C Refresh
Number		MAC	Add Time			
		No Data Found				
how No.: 10 🗸 Total Co	unt:0		K First	〈Pre Next 〉	Last 🛛	1 G
lote: When the effective time r	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto	omatically.			
<b>lote:</b> When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 💋 On	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto	omatically.			C Refree
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 🌌 On Number	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto	omatically. Add Time			2 Refres
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 🔽 On Number	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto	omatically. Add Time			2 Refres
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 🗹 On Number	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto X Are you sure you want to enable the STA dynamic blacklist	omatically. Add Time			2 Refre
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 🗹 On Number	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto X Are you sure you want to enable the STA dynamic blacklist function?	omatically. Add Time			2 Refre
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 🗹 On Number	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto X Are you sure you want to enable the STA dynamic blacklist function?	omatically. Add Time			C Refre
lote: When the effective time r Dynamic Blacklist: 2 On Number how No.: 10 V Total Co	runs out, the STA that in the dynami	ic blacklist will be removed from the blacklist auto Are you sure you want to enable the STA dynamic blacklist function?	omatically. Add Time	<pre> Next &gt;</pre>	Last X	2 Refre

Enable or disable the dynamic blacklist function.

### 1.3.3.4.4 User Isolation

To ensure network security and prevent unwitting information transfer, you can prohibit communication between internal network users by means of configuration. Some special users (users who can access each other) can be identified based on the user name and MAC address.

User isolation:	ON			
Whitelisted MAC:	Username:	MAC:	× +	FAdd
	Current MAC: 0074.9cb	d.af26		
	Save			

- 2) Click  $\times$  to delete the MAC address of the user.
- 3) Click the Add icon to add a MAC address for a mutual-access user. You can add multiple MAC addresses.
- 4) Click **Save** to finish the configuration.

### 1.3.3.4.5 Anti-attack

Some malicious attacks are always found in the network environment. These attacks may bring about an extremely heavy burden for the switch, resulting in the switch using an excessive amount of CPU power and giving rise to a potential operational failure.

ARP-guard:	Enable ARP-guard, so as to prevent a large number of invalid ARP packets from attacking the device. [ARP-guard List]
IP-guard:	Enable IP-guard, so as to prevent hackers from scanning the entire network and consuming bandwidth. [IP-guard List]
ICMP-guard:	Enable ICMP-guard, so as to prevent a large number of invalid ICMP packets from consuming bandwidth and CPU resources. [ICMP-guard List]
DHCP-guard:	Enable DHCP-guard, so as to prevent malicious requests from exhausting DHCP pools and leaving legitimate users unable to access the Internet. [DHCP-guard List]
DHCPv6-guard:	Enable DHCPV6-guard, so as to prevent malicious requests from exhausting DHCPv6 pools and leaving legitimate users unable to access the Internet. [DHCPv6-guard List]
ND-guard:	☑ Enable ND-guard, so as to prevent Neighbor Discovery packets from consuming bandwidth.
Display NFPP Log:	[Display NFPP Log]

1) **ARP-guard**: Enables ARP-guard configuration. Click the **ARP-guard List** link to view the host where ARP attack is detected.

- 2) **IP-guard**: Enables IP-guard configuration. Click the **IP-guard List** link to view the host where IP scanning is detected.
- 3) **ICMP-guard**: Enables ICMP-guard configuration. Click the **ICMP-guard List** link to view the host where an ICMP attack is detected.
- 4) **DHCP-guard**: Enables DHCP-guard configuration. Click the **DHCP-guard List** link to view the host where a DHCPv4 attack is detected.
- 5) **DHCPv6-guard**: Enables DHCPv6-guard configuration. Click the **DHCPv6-guard List** link to view the host where a DHCPv6 attack is detected.
- 6) **ND-guard**: Enables ND-guard configuration.

Restore Default Settings

### 1.3.3.4.6 ARP

🔗 Dyi	namic Binding>>Static Binding	🖓 Delete Selected 🛛 🕭 Manua	l Binding	IP-based: v Search Reset
	IP	MAC	Туре	Action
			Dynamic Binding	Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding
			Local ARP Entry	Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding
Shov	v No.: 10 V Total Count: 2			K First $\triangleleft$ Pre (1) Next $>$ Last $>$ (1) GO

• Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding

1) Select one or multiple records from the ARP list.

2) Click the Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding icon to switch from dynamic binding to static binding in batches.

• Remove static Binding

🐼 Dyi	namic Binding>>Static Binding	🚱 Delete Selected 🛛 🕭 Manua	l Binding	IP-based:
	IP	MAC	Туре	Action
			Dynamic Binding	Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding
			Local ARP Entry	Dynamic Binding > > Static Binding
Shov	v No.: 10 V Total Count: 2			K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO

- 1) Select one or multiple records from the ARP list.
- 2) Click the **Delete Selected** icon to remove static binding in batches.
- Manual Binding

🐼 Dynamic Binding>>Static Binding	Ø Delete Selected	🌯 Manual Binding	IP-based:	•		Search	Reset
□ IP	MAC Manual B	<b>Type</b> inding	Action	×	ic Binding		
Show No.: 10 V Total Count: 2	-		*		ic Binding	Last )  1	GO
		OK	Cancel				

- 1) Click the Manual Binding icon.
- 2) Set the IP address and MAC address.

Click OK. The newly bound ARP is displayed in the ARP list after the Save operation succeeded message is displayed.

### 1.3.3.4.7 ACL

When receiving a packet on a port, the input ACL checks whether the packet matches the ACE entry for this port. When the device intends to output a packet through a port, the output ACL checks whether the packet matches the ACE entry for this port.

When there are different filtration rules, multiple rules may be applied simultaneously and only several of them can be applied. If a packet matches an ACE entry, this packet is processed (permitted or denied) according to the action policy defined by this ACE.

### ACL Settings

ACL Apply		
Delete ACL + Add Access Ru	le × Delete Selected	
Src IP/Wildcard Source Port	Access Control Protocol Dest IP/Wildcard	Dest Port Time Period Status Action
Any	Permit	All Time Active Edit Move
		K First K Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO
	Delete ACL + Add Access Ru Src IP/Wildcard Source Port Any	Delete ACL + Add Access Rule × Delete Selected Src IP/Wildcard Source Port Access Control Protocol Dest IP/Wildcard Any Permit

• Adding an ACL

ACL List: 1 • Add ACL	Delete ACL + A	dd Access Rule 🗙 Delete Sel	ected					
NO. Description	Src IP/Wildcard S	ource Port Access Contro	Protocol	Dest IP/Wildcard	Dest Port	Time Period	Status	Action
■ 1 Show No.: 10 ▼ Total Count:1	Add ACL					× e 1 N	Active	Edit Move
	ACL Type: ACL Name:	Standard ACL (Source-add  Extended ACL (Flow-based MAC-based Extended ACL)  1300-1900.	ress-based Con Control) (Flow-based Co ) * <i>Please enter</i>	trol) ntrol) letters or numbers in the	range of 1-99 and	,		
		Cancel	ОК					

Click Add ACL and set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed. Click OK. The newly added ACL is displayed in the ACL List drop-down list on the left after the Save operation succeeded message is displayed.

• Deleting an ACL

ACL Settings	ACL Time	ACL Apply								
ACL List: 1	Add ACL	Delete ACL +	- Add Access Ru	le 🗙 Delete Selec	ted					
NO. Desc	ription	Src IP/Wildcard	Source Port	Access Control	Protocol	Dest IP/Wildcard	Dest Port	Time Period	Status	Action
1		Any		Permit				All Time	Active	Edit Move
Show No.: 10 •	Total Count:1		Are you s the ACL?           Cance	ure you want to del	ete		K First	< Pre 1 M	lext > La	st X 1 GO

- 1) Select the ACL from the ACL List drop-down list.
- 2) Click **Delete ACL** to finish deleting.
- Adding an access rule

ACL List: 1 • Add ACL	Delete ACL + Add Access Rule × Delete Selected				
NO. Description	Add Access Rule	×	eriod	Status	Action
■ 1 Show No.: 10 ▼ Total Count:1	ACL Type: Standard ACL (Source-address-based Control) ACL Name: 1	ĺ	е 1 N	Active	Edit Move
	I Access Rule Settings Access Control: ● Permit ● Deny Description: Time Period:Select ▼ [Time management]  Any IP (For all IP) Single IP ▼ IP: Cancel OK				

- 1) Click Add Access Rule.
- 2) Set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed.
- 3) Click **OK**. The newly added access rule is displayed in the access rule list after the Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Editing an access rule
- 1) Click the **Edit** button for an access rule in the access rule list.
- 2) The configuration for the access rule is displayed in the dialog box and the configuration can be edited.
- 3) Click **OK**. The **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

• Deleting an access rule

ACL List: 1 • Add ACL	Delete ACL +	Add Access Rul	le × Delete Select	ed					
NO. Description	Src IP/Wildcard	Source Port	Access Control	Protocol	Dest IP/Wildcard	Dest Port	Time Period	Status	Action
1	Any		Permit				All Time	Active	Edit Move
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1						K First	< Pre 1 No	ext > La	st 🛛 🚺 GO

1) Select one or multiple records from the access rule list.

Click Delete Selected and then click OK in the displayed dialog box to finish deleting ACL Time

ACLs based on time can be enabled. For example, you can set ACLs to take effect in different time segments for a week, but first a time object must be configured.

### ACL Time

ACL Settings ACL Time	ACL Apply			
Note: The ACL active time must be periodic.				
+ Add Time Object × Delete Selected				
Time Object	Day	Time Period	Action	
testTune testTune	Everyday	0:18-0:58	Edit Delete	
Show No.: 10 Total Count:1			K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1	GO

### • Adding a time object

ACL Settings	ACL Time	ACL Apply			
Note: The ACL active tim	e must be periodic.				
⊢ Add Time Object X	Delete Selected				
Time Object		Day	Time Period	Action	
testTune testTune		Add Time Object		×	
Show No.: 10 To	tal Count:1				re 1 Next > Last > 1
		Object Name:	*		
		Time Period:	Start time - End time	X + Add	
			Cancel		

Click **Add Time Object**, then set the configuration items in the dialog box displayed, and click **Save**. The newly added time object is displayed in the time object list after the **Save operation succeeded** message is displayed.

• Deleting time objects in batches

Note:	The ACL active time must be periodic.			
+ Add	Time Object × Delete Selected			
	Time Object	Day	Time Period	Action
	test2	Tuesday	16:00-21:58	Edit Delete
	testTune	Everyday	0:18-0:58	Edit Delete
Show	No.: 10 Total Count:2			K First < Pre (1) Next > Last > (1) GO

- 1) Select one or multiple records from the time object list.
- 2) Click Delete Selected and then click OK in the dialog box displayed to finish deleting.
- Editing a time object

Edit Time Period		×
Object Name:	test2 *	
Time Period:	Tuesday ~ 16:00 - 21:58 ×	+ Add
	Cancel	

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for a time object in the list.
- 2) The configuration about the time object is displayed in the dialog box. Then edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting a time object

١dd	Time Object × Delete Selected			
)	Time Object	Day	Time Period	Action
	test2	Tu	×	Edit Delete
	testTune	Ev	Are you sure you want to delete	Edit Delete
ow	No.: 10 Total Count:2		the time object?	K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1
			Cancel	

Click the **Delete** button for a time object in the list.

### **N** ACL Application

Apply an ACL to a port or a WiFi to limit user access.

ACL Settings	ACL Time	ACL Application						
+ Add ACL Applicati	on X Delete Selecter	d						
ACL Number			Port	Direction	Action			
2			Gi0/1	Inbound	Edit Delete			
Show No.: 10 •	Fotal Count:1					K First K Pre	1 Next > Last	) <b>1</b> GO

### • Adding an ACL application

- 1. Click + Add ACL Application .
- 2. Select ACL number, port and direction in the popup window.

3. Click Save. After the message "Configuration succeeded." is displayed, the ACL will appear in the list.

ACL Number	Port	Direction	Action	
2	Add ACL Application		×	lete
now No. 10 • Total Count:1	ACL Number: Port: Direction:	2 • Gi0/1 • Inbound •		K First < Pre ① Next > Last > 1 ①
		Cancel Save		

Deleting selected ACL applications

ACL Settings	ACL Time	ACL Application				
+ Add ACL Applicat	on × Delete Selected	i				
ACL Number	·		Port	Direction	Action	
			Gi0/1	Inbound	Edit Delete	
Show No.: 10 •	Fotal Count:1					K First K Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO
			0	Are you sure you want to delete the selected records?		

• Editing an ACL application

+ Add ACL Application X Delete Selected						
ACL Number	Port	Direction	Action			
☑ 2	Edit ACL Application		×	elete		
Show No: 10 Total Count:1	ACL Number: Port: Direction:	2 • Gi0/1 • Inbound •		K Firs	t < Pre ① Next >	Last X 1 GO
		Cancel Save				

### 1.3.3.5 Authentication

#### 1.3.3.5.1 Web Authentication

Web authentication allows you to control user access to the Internet. The users can perform authentication on the browser without installing any application, which is easy and convenient. Web authentication can be classified into iPortal authentication and ePortal authentication based on the server location.

### **>** ePortal Authentication

Unauthenticated users will be redirected to the specified website for authentication. If the Portal is not built into the AC, please select ePortal authentication.

ePortal Authentication	iPortal Authentication
Note: Authentication is base	ed on Web to control users' access to the network. It requires no authentication firmware on the client. Instead, you can perform authentication on common browsers.
Eportal Type:	© ePortalv1 ⊛ ePortalv2 ⊘
Portal Server IP:	* [Other Server]
Redirection URL:	*
Portal Key:	
Authentication Server:	[Radius Server Settings]
Accounting Server:	
SNMP Server:	[SNMP Server] *
SSID:	✓ [WIFI/WLAN Settings]
	Advanced Settings
	Save Clear

### **\** iPortal Authentication

Unauthenticated users will be redirected to the specified website for authentication. If the Portal is built into the AC, please select iPortal authentication.

ePortal Authentication	on iPortal Authentication	
Download Template: Defa	Þefault	
Authentication Package:	e: 🛞 Default Package 🛛 Custom Package	
Authentication Mode:	e: Radius Server] [SNMP Server]	
iPortal Server Port:	t: (Range: 1025-65535, Default: 8081)	
AD Push Mode:	e: No AD •	
SSID:	D:	
	···· » Advanced Settings	
	Save	

### 1.3.3.5.2 WeChat Authentication

WeChat Auth is an authentication solution that relieves users from the need of entering usernames and passwords. Besides, it provides an AD space on WeChat for WiFi service providers.

The following two authentication modes are available: WiFi Auth 3.x and WiFi+SMS Auth. (The default is the WeChat template)

Note: WeChat Auth is an a The following two Auth mo	uthentication solution that relieves us des are available: WiFi Auth 3.x and V	ers from the need of entering usernames and passwords. Besides, it provides an AD space on WeChat for WiFi service providers. /Fi+SMS Auth. (The default Auth template is WeChat template)
Auth Server IP:		*
Auth Server Key:	ruijie	* @
NAS IP:	5.4.3.2	* 🕐
Target WiFi:	~	[WIFI/WLAN Settings]
DNS:	114.114.114.114	*
	<ul> <li>Advanced Settings</li> </ul>	
	Save	

Choose Advanced Settings > Parameter Settings > Advanced.



Choose Advanced Settings > Parameter Settings > Whitelist Settings.

Redirection HTTP Port: 80   (Range: 1-65335) Please use ',' to separate port numbers. You can configure up to 10 port numbers.   MAC Authentication Bypass: (Configure the Radius server to apply this function to the Wifri configured with dot Ix authentication) This is a kind of MAC-based authentication exemption and mainly used for the authentication of devices such as printers.   Kick Inactive Users Off: Enable   Whitelisted Network Resource: All users(including unauthorized users) can access the server IP address. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.   IP: Mask:   X +Add
MAC Authentication Bypass: <ul> <li>Configure the Radius server to apply this function to the Wiff configured with dot1x authentication) This is a kind of MAC-based authentication and mainly used for the authentication of devices such as printers.</li> </ul> Kick Inactive Users Off: Enable   Whitelisted Network Resource: All users(including unauthorized users) can access the server IP address. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses. Whitelisted User IP: The user can access the network without authentication. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses. IP: Mask: X HAdd
Kick Inactive Users Off: Enable   Whitelisted Network Resource:   All users(including unauthorized users) can access the server IP address. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.   IP: Maskc   Whitelisted User IP: The user can access the network without authentication. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.   IP: Maskc   HAdd   IP: Maskc   HAdd
Whitelisted Network Resource:       All users(including unauthorized users) can access the server IP address. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.         IP:       Maskc       +Add         Whitelisted User IP:       The user can access the network without authentication. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.         IP:       Maskc       +Add         IP:       Maskc       +Add
IP:       Mask:       ×       +Add         Whitelisted User IP:       The user can access the network without authentication. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.       IP:       Mask:       +Add
Whitelisted User IP: The user can access the network without authentication. You can configure up to 50 IP addresses.         IP:       Maskc
IP: Mask: × +Add
Whitelisted MAC: The user can access the Internet without authentication. You can configure up to 50 MAC addresses.
MAC: × +Add

### 1.3.3.5.3 WiFiDog Authentication

WiFiDog Authentication enables new users to be redirected to the authentication page.

Note: WiFiDog authenticati	on enables new users to be redirected to the authentication page
Portal Server IP:	* More
Redirection URL:	*
NAS IP:	*
Gateway ID:	
Redirection Mode:	<b></b>
SSID:	V [WIFI/WLAN Settings]
	Advanced Settings
Parameter Settings:	[Advanced Settings]
	Save

Choose Advanced Settings > Advanced Settings.

Advanced Settings					×
Redirection HTTP Port:	80	(Range: 1-65535) Please us	ie ',' to separat	e port numbers. You can configure up to 10 port numbers.	*
MAC Authentication Bypass:	for the authentication of devices su	(Configure the Radius serve	er to apply this	function to the WiFi configured with dot Ix authentication) This is a kind of MAC-based authentication exemption and mainly use	d
Kick Inactive Users Off:	🗆 Enable				l
Whitelisted Network Resource:	All users(including unauthorized us	ers) can access the server IP a	address.Up to	50 records can be configured on Web. You can configure more records using CLI commands.	I
	IP: Ma	isk:	×	+Add	l
Whitelisted User IP:	The user can access the network wi	thout authentication. Up to 5	50 records can	be configured on Web. You can configure more records using CLI commands.	l
	IP: Ma	isk:	×	+Add	l
Whitelisted MAC:	The user can access the Internet wit	thout authentication. Up to 5	50 records can	be configured on Web. You can configure more records using CLI commands.	l
	MAC:	×		+Add	l
Whitelisted URL:	🗆 Enable				
	Save				÷

Advanced Settings provide some optional features applicable to both Web authentication V1 and Web authentication V2.

### 1.3.3.6 Solution

### 1.3.3.6.1 E-bag Optimization

A Your AP might not support this function. The menu may vary with the device.

This function is mainly applicable to the E-bag solution for schools. Balanced optimization ensures a smooth network experience and avoids disconnection when a user uses the E-bag application.

**E-bag Optimization** 

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring	Group Access				
Note: Optimization aims to	optimize the network perfo	rmance based on the network envir	onment test in the E-bag scena	ario.		
SSID 1:	Eweb_17E01					
Online Clients:		* (Range: 1- 1536 )				
Max 5G Clients:		* (Range: 0- 1024 ) Cli	ck to learn more			
	Save Adva	nced Settings				

Click Click to learn more, and the following page will appear.

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring	Group Access	
SSID 1:	Eweb_17E01	→ + WiFI Settings	
Online Clients:	100	* (Range: 1-1536.) 5G Clients X	
Max 5G Clients:	Save Advan	So Clients       X         Note: The operation will diable the 2.4GHz radio and enable the 5GHz radio. If the STA does not support SGHz, it will go offine. Please click Associate all available STAs.         Note: Each radio supports up to 1024 SGHz clients.         Select 5GHz SSID: Eweb_17E01 VWFI Settings Associate         2.4GHz Clients: 0 (((,))) SGHz Clients: 0	

Select an SSID, and click **Associate** to enable all 5G clients in the classroom to connect to this SSID. The maximum number of 5G clients will be calculated automatically.

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring	Group Access	
Note: Optimization aims to	optimize the network perfo	ormance based on the network environment test in the E-bag scenario.	
SSID 1:	Eweb_17E01	+ WIFI Settings	
Online Clients:		* (Range: 1- 1536 )	
Max 5G Clients:		* (Range: 0- 1024 ) Click to learn more	
	Save Adv	ranced Settings	

Enter the maximum number of 5G clients here, and click Save. E-bag optimization settings will take effect.

You can click **Advanced Settings** to configure advanced settings. If you perform E-bag optimization again, the advanced settings will be overridden.

### **Monitoring**

This function allows you to monitor the network performance after E-bag settings are applied.

Channel Usage		Online Clients	Details
		⊘ Current status is normal	
00 75 0 25 0 06:54:20 06:54:30 06:54:40 06:54:50 06:54:50	<ul> <li>Threshold</li> <li>Radio1 Channel1 Usage</li> <li>Radio2 Channel149 Usage</li> <li>Radio3 Channel36 Usage</li> <li>06:55:00</li> <li>06:55:10</li> </ul>	1.00 0.75 0.50 0.25 0.00 06:54:20 06:54:30 06:54:40	Radio1Online Clients     Radio2Online Clients     Radio3Online Clients     O6:54:50 06:55:00 06:55:10
No data available		No data available	

### **凶** Group Access

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring			
Ebag Optimization	Monitoring			
Note: The function allows	you to specify a primary user for	a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same \	NiFi as the primary user. In general, it is applied in the school scenario (fo	or example, the E-bag application).
Group Access				
	ſ			
	T			
und a the a		Lutten te en elete en d'estate t	he One of Assess for attem	
gle the Gro	oup Access: 🧿	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	
gle the Gro	oup Access:	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	
gle the Gro	oup Access:	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	
igle the Gro Adding a	oup Access:	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	
gle the Gro Adding a	oup Access:	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	
Adding a	user group	Group Access	he Group Access function.	
Adding a Adding a Ebag Optimization	user group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Adding a Adding a bag Optimization ote: The function allows Group Access:	user group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for	Group Access	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	Monitoring you to specify a primary user for CN Primary User MAC:	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Compari	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	Access: User group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for ON Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2233 Number of Secondary	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC + Add	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the system of the sys	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC Add MAC Add MAC Add MAC Add MAC	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the second and th	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC Add MAC Go @Set to Primary User	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
gle the Gro Adding a bag Optimization te: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Compari	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Igle the Gro Adding a Dag Optimization Ste: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access: user group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for on Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2323 Number of Secondary ∠Edit × Delete	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Adding a Adding a Ebag Optimization ote: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Compari	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Adding a Adding a Ebag Optimization The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the second and th	Sroup Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC Add MAC Geo @Set to Primary User	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Adding a Adding a Ebag Optimization Inter: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the second and th	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
Adding a Adding a Ebag Optimization Inter: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Comparison of Secondary 2 Edit         Primary User MAC:       0001,1212,2323         Number of Secondary       2 Edit         2 Edit       × Delete	Group Access a group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same W Add MAC Add MAC User + Add User	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization Inte: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Compari	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization lete: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of Compari	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization Inte: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access: user group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2323 Number of Secondary ∠Edit × Delete	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization Inte: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access: user group Monitoring you to specify a primary user for CN Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2233 Number of Secondary ∠Edit × Delete	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization Inte: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the second and th	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).
ggle the Gro Adding a Ebag Optimization tote: The function allows Group Access:	oup Access:       Image: Comparison of the second and th	button to enable or disable t	he Group Access function.	example, the E-bag application).

- 1. Click +.
- 2. On the Add MAC page, enter a MAC address.
- 3. Click **Save**, and the "Add succeeded." message appears.
- Deleting a user group

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring	Group Access		
Note: The function allows y	ou to specify a primary user fo	r a group of users (secondar	ry users). The secondary users will access the same WiFi as the primary user. In general, it is applied in the school scenario (for example, the E-bag application).	
Group Access:				
	Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2323 Number of Secondary ∠Edit × Delet		Are you sure you want to delete the MAC address group?	

### 1. Click Delete.

- 2. In the deletion confirmation box, click OK.
- 3. The "Delete succeeded." message appears, indicating that the MAC address is deleted.
- Editing a user group

Ebag Optimization	Monitoring	Group Access	
Note: The function allows yo	ou to specify a primary user for a	group of users (secondary users). The secondary users will access the same WiFi as the pri	imary user. In general, it is applied in the school scenario (for example, the E-bag application).
Group Access:			
	Primary User MAC: 0001.1212.2323 Number of Secondary ∠Edit × Delete	Edit MAC 0001.1212.2323 × + Add Primary User	×
		Current Device MAC: 8005.8808.17e0	
		Cancel	

1. Click Edit.

- 2. On the Edit MAC page, edit the MAC address.
- 3. Click Save, and the "Edit succeeded." message appears.

### 1.3.3.7 Advanced

#### 1.3.3.7.1 Unicast/Multicast

Unicast refers to a one-to-one transmission from one point in the network to another point; that is, one sender and one receiver, each identified by a network address.

Multicast is group communication where information is addressed to a group of destination computers simultaneously. Multicast can be one-to-many or many-to-many distribution. Multicast should not be confused with physical layer pointto-multipoint communication.

Simple Multicast: It is used to broad different devices and segments. Standard Multicast: It is applied in s	lcast learning in classroom situation	ns. PCs for students and teachers are in the same broadcast domain. Multicast packets are sent in the broadcast domain without the need to cross over hat have their own multicast video servers.
Communication Mode:	●Broadcast ●Multicast	Unicast
Dynamic Aging Time(s):	260	Range: 1-65535, Default: 260. 65535 indicates no aging.
Ignore Query Timer:	Enable	
Query Interval(s):		Range: 1-18000
Response Time(s):		Range: 1-25
Proxy Server:	IP:	
VLAN-based Multicast:	All	
	Vid=1 Vid=2	
fulticast-to-Unicast Conversion:	OFF	
	Save	

Set parameters as required, and then click Save.

#### 1.3.3.7.2 Hotspot2.0

Your AP might not support this function. The menu may vary with the device.

Hotspot 2.0 is a technical standard developed by Wi-Fi Alliance. It allows wireless STAs to complete automatic identity identification and seamless switching on a WLAN through IEEE 802.11u without using additional identities, providing wireless users with the access and roaming experience similar to that of cellular network users.

### **\** Template Management

Template management includes adding, editing, and deleting templates.

• Adding a template

Template-1 × + ×	
<b>Note:</b> Hotspot 2.0 is a techn 802.11u without using an ad	cal standard developed by WI-Fi Alliance. This standard allows wireless STAs to complete automatic identity identification and seamless switching in a WLAN via ditional identity, thereby providing wireless users with the access and roaming experience similar to that of cellular network users.
Template Name:	*
Apply to SSID:	V 🖉 [WiFi/WLAN Settings]
	» Advanced Settings
	Save

1. Click + to add a template editing page.

2. Enter the template name, select the Wi-Fi network, to which the template is to be applied, complete advanced settings (optional), and click **Save** to add a template.

Configuration items in Advanced Settings include OSU Provider, Protocol, Carrier, Cellular, and Other (Venue).

OSU Provider				
OSU SSID:	Null	• 0		
OSU Service Provider:		V [Manage OSU Service P	rovider]	
Protocol				
Protocol:		~ 0		
DGAF:	Enable the downstream multica	ast forwarding.		
DLS-TDLS:	ON Allow establishing the DLS-TDL:	5 connection between STAs.		
Carrier:	The carrier name			
	Chinese Name:			
	English Name:			
Domain Name:	STAs can fetch the domain nam	ne of the hotspot provider via ANG	QP protocol to	help them select the network.
	Domain Name:		×	+Add

NAI Domain:	STAs can access the pi	rovider networ	k after NAI de	omain members i	are configure	d.					
	Domain Member	:		Auth Type:		✔ Auth Method:	🖌	Auth Param:	🗸	<b>)</b> ×	+Add
Cellular Network:	MCC(Mobile Country (	Code, 3 digits)	and MNC(Mo	obile Network Co	de, 2 or 3 dig	its)					
	MCC:		MNC:		×	+Add					
Roaming Consortium:	Format: HH-HH-HH of	r HH-HH-HH-F	IH-HH. H is a	hexadecimal dig	it						
	Organization Ide	ntifier:		in-beac	on 🗙	+Add					
HESSID:	НННН.НННН.НН	нн									
Other											
Venue:	The Hotspot2.0 scenar	rio									
	Type: Unreacif	ied Crown	•• []]	manified Turna							
	Chinese Name:	ieu droup		pecified type							
	English Name:										
	Save										
Editing a temp	olate										
Template-1 Temp	ate-2 × + ×										
Note: Hotspot 2.0 is a tachnic	al standard developed	by Wil Fi Allia	aca. This stan	dard allows wire	loss STAs to a	complete automatic identi	hu idontificati	on and soamloss su	dtching in	a WLAN	via
302.11u without using an add	itional identity, thereby	y providing wi	reless users w	ith the access ar	id roaming e	xperience similar to that o	f cellular netv	vork users.	incenting in	u work	via
Template Name:			*								
		~ (	⑦ [WiFi/W	/LAN Settings]							
Apply to SSID:											
Apply to SSID:	Advanced Setting	as									

Select an existing template to go to the editing page of the template. Configuration fields are the same as those for adding a template.

	The template name cannot be modified.
--	---------------------------------------

### • Deleting a template

Template-1	Template-2 + Y	
Note: Hotspot 2.0 802.11u without u	) is a technical standard developed by Wi-Fi Alliance. This standard allows wireless STAs to complete automatic identity identification and seamless switching in a WLAN via using an additional identity, thereby providing wireless users with the access and roaming experience similar to that of cellular network users.	
Template	e Name:	
Apply 1	to SSID: V (WiFi/WLAN Settings)	
	Advanced Settings	
	Save Delete	

Click the tab of the template to be deleted and click **Delete** to delete the template.

### Choose Advanced Settings > Parameter Settings.

Template-1 × + ×		
<b>Note:</b> Hotspot 2.0 is a techn 802.11u without using an ad	ical standard developed by Wi-Fi All ditional identity, thereby providing v	ance. This standard allows wireless STAs to complete automatic identity identification and seamless switching in a WLAN via vireless users with the access and roaming experience similar to that of cellular network users.
Template Name:		*
Apply to SSID:	~	[WiFi/WLAN Settings]
	℅ Advanced Settings	
OSU Provider		
OSU SSID:	Null ~	0
OSU Service Provider:	~	[Manage OSU Service Provider]

Click Manage OSU Service Provider to manage OSU service providers.

• Querying an OSU service provider

OSU Service Provider		×
+ Add Provider 🗙 Delete Provider 🔞 Manage Provider Icon	Provider Name: Search Reset	
Provider Name	Action	
N	Data Found	
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:0	K First ≤ Pre Next > Last > 1 GO	

The page displays OSU service providers. You can enter a provider name to search for an OSU service provider. Fuzzy search is supported.

• Adding a provider

+ Add Provider 🗙 Delete Provider 💿 Manage Provider Icon						
Provider Name	Add Provider	×				
	Provider Name: *					
Show No.: 10 V Total C	OSU Method: _OMA DM _SOAP XML SPP					
	Chinese Icon: Null					
	English Icon: Null					
	➢ Advanced Settings					
	NAI:					
	Chinese Display Name:					
	Chinese Service Desc:					
	English Display Name:					
	English Service Desc:					
	Cancel					

1. Click Add Provider. The Add Provider dialog box is displayed.

2. Enter the provider name, service URL, and other fields, complete advanced settings (optional), and click **Save** to add a provider.

• Editing a provider

OSU Servic	e Provider		
+ Add Pr	ovider 🗙 Delete Provider 🕲 Manage Provider Icon		
D Prov	Edit Provider	×	Action
Show No.:	Provider Name:		Edit Delete
	Service URI: *		
	OSU Method: OMA DM SOAP XML SPP		
	Chinese Icon: Null		
	English Icon: Null		
	Advanced Settings		
	Cancel		

1. Click Edit. The Edit Provider dialog box is displayed.

2. Modify relevant fields and click **Save**.

The provider name cannot be modified. Configuration fields are the same as those for adding a service provider.

Bulk Deleting Service Providers

OSU Service Provider	×
+ Add Provider × Delete Provider @ Manage Provider Icon	Provider Name: Search Reset
Provider Name	Action
2 -	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 • Total Count:1	K First < Pre (1) Next > Last > (1) GO

Select providers to be deleted in the list and click **Delete Provider** to bulk delete the providers.

• Deleting a Service Provider

OSU Service Provider		×
+ Add Provider 🗙 Delete Provider 🕲 Manage Provider Icon	Provider Name:	Search Reset
Provider Name	Action	
	Edit Delete	
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:1	K First < Pre (1) Net	xt > Last > 1 GO

### Click **Delete** to delete a specified service provider.

#### Ν Provider Icon Management

OSU Service Provider	×
+ Add Provider 🗙 Delete Provider 🕲 Manage Provider Icon	Provider Name: Search Reset
Provider Name	Action
	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:1	K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO

### Click Manage Provider Icon to manage icons.

<ul> <li>Uploading an Icon</li> </ul>					
Provider Icon					×
× Batch Delete			Please select icon file	e (<64KB) Browse U	Ipload Icon
Icon Name	Icon Size	Pro	ovider	Action	
		No Data Found			
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:0			K First	t ≤Pre Next≯ Last≯ [	1 GO

Click the input box or click Browse to show the icon file selection dialog box. Select an icon file and click Upload Icon to upload the icon file.

<ul> <li>Bulk Deleting Icons</li> </ul>			
Provider Icon			×
× Batch Delete		Please select icon fil	le (<64KB) Browse Upload Icon
Icon Name	Icon Size	Provider	Action
	No	Data Found	
Show No.: 10 - Total Count:0		K Firs	st < Pre Next > Last > 1 GO

Select icons to be deleted in the list and click **Batch Delete** to bulk delete the icons.

### 1.3.3.7.3 Antenna

The antenna is divided into internal and external, and can generate directional or omnidirectional radiation patterns. Whether antenna type switchover and orientation switchover are supported depends on the radio capacity, which is displayed on the page.

Note: The antenna is divi interference from unwante	ded into internal and external, and can generate directional or omnidirectional radiation patterns. A directional antenna is an antenna which radiates or receives greater power in specific directions allowing increased performance and reduced d sources. Click to view diagram.
Radic	dot11radio 1/0 •
Antenna Type	:      Internal O External This radio does not support switching the type.
Orientation	Omni-directional O Directional This radio does not support switching the orientation.
	Save

### 1.3.3.7.4 Radius

### **NADIUS Server**

The Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) server conducts identity authentication and accounting on access users to protect the network security and facilitate management for network administrators.

Choose **Config > Advanced > Radius** to go to the RADIUS server configuration page.

Radius Server	Radsec Server				
Server Group: All S	ervers 🗸 🕂 Add	Server 🗙 Delete Selected			
Server IP	Authenti	cation Port	Accounting Port	Radsec Server	Action
			No Data Found		
Show No.: 10 🗸	Total Count:0			K First K Pre Ne	xt > Last > 1 GO

Adding a server

Server Group: All Servers	Add Server		×		
Server IP     Authentication	Server IP:		*	Server	Action
	Authentication Port:	1812	*		
Show No.: 10 🗸 Total Count:0	Accounting Port:	1813	*	K First K Pre Next >	Last X 1 GO
	Shared Password:		*		
	Radsec Server:	Null ~			
		Cancel Save			

- 1. Click Add Server to add a RADIUS server.
- 2. Set fields and click **Save**. The message "Save Succeeded" is displayed.

#### Server IP

Indicates the IP address of the RADIUS server host.

### **Authentication Port**

Indicates the UDP port ID for RADIUS authentication. The value range is from 0 to 65535 and **0** indicates that the host does not perform identity authentication.

### **Accounting Port**

Indicates the UDP port ID for RADIUS accounting. The value range is from 0 to 65535 and **0** indicates that the host does not perform accounting.

### **Shared Password**

Indicates the shared key for the communication between the network access server (router) and the RADIUS server.

### Radsec Server

(Optional) Indicates the ID of the RadSec server, to which traffic is redirected from the RADIUS server. This field is not displayed if the device does not support the RadSec function.

#### Editing a server

Server Group: All Servers  + Add Server × Delete Selected					
Server IP A	uthentication Po	Edit Server		×	Action
1	812	Server IP:		*	Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 V Total Count:	1	Authentication Port:	1812	*	t < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO
		Accounting Port:	1813	*	
		Shared Password:	••	*	
		Radsec Server:	Null		
			Cancel Save		

- 1. Click Edit to edit the RADIUS server.
- 2. After editing fields, click **Save**. The message "Save Succeeded" is displayed.

Fields for editing a RADIUS server are the same as those for adding a RADIUS server.

• Bulk deleting servers
Server Group: All Serve	ers • + Add Server × Dele	te Selected		
Server IP	Authentication Port	Accounting Port	Radsec Server	Action
	1812	1813		Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 🕶 Tota	al Count:1		K First K Pre	1 Next > Last > 1 GO

Select servers to be deleted in the list and click **Delete Selected** to bulk delete the servers.

•	Deleting a Server	
C		

Server Group: All Server	Add Server X Delete Sele	ected		
Server IP	Authentication Port	Accounting Port	Radsec Server	Action
	1812	1813		Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 V Total	Count:1		K First K Pre (1	Next > Last > 1 GO

Click **Delete** to delete a single server.

Adding a Server Group 

Rad	ius Server	Radsec Ser	ver					
Server	Server Group: All Servers  + Add Server × Delete Selected							
	Server Add	Server Group	tication Port	Accounting Port	Radsec Server	Action		
	2.2.2.2	1812		1813		Edit Delete		
Shov	v No.: 10 🗸	Total Count:1			K First < Pre 1	Next > Last > 1 GO		

Click the Server Group drop-down list and select Add Server Group. The Add Server Group dialog box is displayed.

Add Server Group		×
Server Group:		*
Server Type:	●New Server ○Existing Server	
Server IP:		*
Authentication Port:	1812	*
Accounting Port:	1813	*
Shared Password:		*
Radsec Server:	Null	
	Cancel	

- 1. Set server and server group fields.
- 2. After editing fields, click Save. The message "Save Succeeded" is displayed.

### Server Group

Indicates the name of a server group.

### Server Type

If you select **New Server**, one server group and one server will be added and the server belongs to the server group. If you select **Existing Server**, an existing server will be added to the server group.

Deleting a Server Group

Server Group: 1	✓ Delete Server Group	+ Add Server X Delete Select	ted	
Server IP	Authentication Port	Accounting Port	Radsec Server	Action
	1812	1813		Edit Delete
Show No.: 10 V Tota	al Count:1		K First K Pre	1 Next > Last > 1 GO

Select a server group and click **Delete Server Group** to delete the server group.

### **NadSec Server**

RadSec provides secure communication for RADIUS requests by using the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol and allows RADIUS authentication, authorization, and accounting data to be securely transmitted over untrusted networks.

Radius Server	Radsec Server				
+ Add Server 🗙	Delete Selected				∧Local Certificate Info ⊗
DID	Server IP	Server Port	TLS Timeout(s)		Action
			No Data Found		
Show No.: 10 -	Total Count:0			K First K Pre	Next > Last > 1 GO

### • Adding a server

					∧Local Certificate Info 😣
Add Server	TIC Times of (a)		×		
		2		Delete	
Redsec ID :		) * )		1) Next >	Last X 1 GO
Server IP:		*			
Server Port:	2083	*			
TLS Timeout(s):	5	*			
	Cancel				
	Add Server Redsec ID: Server IP: Server Port: TLS Timeout(s):	Add Server         Redsec ID:         Server IP:         Server Port:         2083         TLS Timeout(s):         5	Add Server     Redsec ID:   Server IP:   Server Port:   2083   *   TLS Timeout(s):   5     Cancel	Add Server ×   Redsec ID: *   Server IP: *   Server Port: 2083   TLS Timeout(s): 5   Cancel Save	Add Server X   Redsec ID: *   Server IP: *   Server Port: 2083   TLS Timeout(s): 5   Cancel Save

1. Click Add Server to add a RadSec server.

2. After editing fields, click Save. The message "Save Succeeded" is displayed.

### Radsec ID

Indicates the unique ID of a RadSec server. The value is an integer in the range from 1 to 255.

### Server IP

Indicates the IP address of the RadSec server.

### **Server Port**

Indicates the port ID of the RadSec server. The value range is from 1 to 65535 and the default value is 2083.

### TLS Timeout(s)

Indicates the TLS connection timeout time. The value range is 1 to 1000 and the default value is 5.

### • Editing a server

+ 添加服务器 × 删除服务器				へ本地证书信息 ♥
□ ID 服务器地址	服务器端口	TLS 超时时间(s)		操作
□ 10 192.168.6.5	编辑服务器		×	编辑 删除
显示 10▼ 条 共1条	Redsec ID:	10 *		上一页(1)下一页)末页) 1 确定
	服务器地址:	*		
	服务器端口:	2083 *		
	TLS 超时时间(s):	\$		
		取消 完成配置		

1. Click Edit to edit a RadSec server.

2. After editing fields, click Save. The message "Save Succeeded" is displayed.

Bulk deleting servers

+:					
	ID	服务器地址	服务器端口	TLS 超时时间(s)	操作
	10	192.168.6.5	2083	5	编辑  删除
显示	10 ♥ 条≠	K 首页 〈 上―页 🚺 下―页 〉			

Select servers to be deleted in the list and click **Delete Selected** to bulk delete the servers.

+	Add Serve	r 🗙 Delete Selected				∧Local Certificate Info 😵
	ID	Server IP	Server Port	TLS Timeout(s)	Action	
	1		2083	5	Edit Delete	
Sho	w No.: 10	▼ Total Count:1		K	First < Pre 1 Next >	Last X 1 GO

Click **Delete** to delete a single server.

+	Add Serve	r 🗙 Delete Select	ted			∧Local Certificate Info 😣
	ID	Server IP	Server Port	TLS Timeout(s)	Action	
	1		2083	5	Edit Delete	
Sho	w No.: 10	▼ Total Count:1			K First K Pre 1 Next	> Last > 1 GO
•	Local	Certificate M	lanagement			✓Local Certificate Info 8
	nuu serv			Cartificata:	Private Kov: O CA: O	~
	ID	Server IP	Server Port	TL Certificate.		^
	1		2083	5 Format: (	PEM OPFX	

Certificate: Please select a certificate file.

Private Key: Please select a private key file.

CA: Please select a CA file

Password: Please enter an optional certificate password.

1. Click **Local Certificate Info**. The local certificate management window is displayed. The icon on the right of **Certificate** shows the certificate loading status.

2. Select a certificate file and private key file, enter the certificate password (if any), and click **Upload & Load**. A message is displayed, indicating that the certificate is loaded successfully. The PEM and PFX formats are supported. If the certificate file does not contain CA information, select a CA file and click **Upload & Load**.

# 1.3.4 Diagnosis

### 1.3.4.1 Network Diagnosis

# 1.3.4.1.1 Network Diagnosis

### **\** Connectivity Test

Show No.: 10 🗸 Total Count:1

When the network malfunctions, you can test the network connectivity to facilitate troubleshooting.

Connectivity Test	Ping	Tracert	
✓ Port Status			
✓ AC-AP Connection	Status		
Internet Connectio	n Status		
	Test Again		

### **Port Status**

The system detects whether an interface of the AC is in the up state.

### AC-AP Connection Status

The system detects whether an AP is online on the AC.

### Internet Connection Status

The system detects whether the AC is reachable to an external network by pinging 114.114.114.114.114, or pinging 8.8.8.8 if the AC is deployed abroad.

### Ping

Connectivity Test	Ping	Tracert	
Ding Type:			
Filig Type.			
Dest IP/Domain Name:			*
Timeout Interval(s):	2		Range: 1-10
Repeat Times:	5		Range: 1-100
Packet Size(Bytes):	100		Range: 36-18024
Fragment:	Enable		
ſ	Test		

### Ping Type

Sets the out-of-band channel. It is supported only on MGMT-supported devices. When a MGMT interface is configured as a source interface, **Ping Type** must be set to **via Management Port**, or otherwise, set to **Not via Management Port**.

### **Dest IP/Domain Name**

Indicates the address or domain name to be pinged.

### Timeout Interval(s)

Indicates the timeout interval.

### **Repeat Times**

Indicates the number of data packets to be transmitted.

### Packet Size (Bytes)

Indicates the length of the data padding section in a data packet to be transmitted.

### Fragment

Indicates the DF flag bit of an IP address. When the DF flag bit is set to 1, data packets are not fragmented. The DF flag bit is **0** by default.

J	Tracert		
	Connectivity Test	Ping	Tracert
	Tracert Type:	Not via Manage	ement Port 🔻
	Dest IP/Domain Name:		*
	Timeout Interval(s):	2	
		Test	
ſ			

### **Tracert Type**

Sets the out-of-band channel. It is supported only on MGMT-supported devices. When a MGMT interface is configured as a source interface, **Tracert Type** must be set to **via Management Port**, or otherwise, set to **Not via Management Port**.

### **Dest IP/Domain Name**

Indicates the Tracert destination address or domain name address.

### Timeout Interval(s)

Indicates the timeout interval.

### 1.3.4.2 One-Click Collection

Note: One-Click Collection is used to collect fault information	oubleshooting.
One-Click Collection	

# 1.3.4.3 Syslog

### 1.3.4.3.1 Syslog

Syslog helps technical support to locate problems.

System Log (show log)	
O Update Log	Background Color: 🔲 🔳 📕
Syslog logging: enabled	A
Console logging: level debugging, 1971 messages logged	
Monitor logging: level debugging, 0 messages logged	
Buffer logging: level debugging, 1971 messages logged	
File logging: level informational, 1971 messages logged	
File namesyslog.txt, size 128 Kbytes, the 7 file is currently being written	
Standard format:false	
Timestamp debug messages: datetime	
Timestamp log messages: datetime	
Sequence-number log messages: disable	
Sysname log messages: disable	
Count log messages: disable	
Trap logging: level informational, 1971 message lines logged,0 fail	
Log Buffer (Total 65535 Bytes): have written 65535, Overwritten 44798	
*Apr 23 18:18:45: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: chan-width 20	
*Apr 23 18:18:45: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: country-code RU	
*Apr 23 18:18:47: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: channel 1	
*Apr 23 18:18:47: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: chan-width 20	
*Apr 23 18:18:49: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: chan-width 40	
*Apr 23 18:18:51: %CLI-5-EXEC_CMD: Configured from console command: exit	-
+A- 22 40 40 F2 W/CLLF EVEC CAD. Carley and from some a state for Detting to 210	

### 1.3.4.4 WIDS

### 1.3.4.4.1 Rogue AP

Rogue APs pose threat to the network security.

The following containment modes are available.

SSID mode: Contain APs emitting the same WiFi signals as the local AP.

Containment Mode	Contain APs with the same •	Refresh Every One Minu	Lite  Clear Rogue AP	SSID-based: Search
SSID	MAC	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	RSSI 💠
			No Data Found	
Show No.: 10 ▼	] Total Count:0			K First K Pre Next > Last > 1 GO

AdHoc mode: Contain AdHoc devices simulating the same WiFi signals.

# Web-based Configuration

Containment Mode	e: Contain APs with sign	als s	nute  Clear Rogue AP	SSID-based:	Search
SSID	MAC	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	RSSI ÷	
			No Data Found		
Show No.: 10 ▼	Total Count:0			K First ≤ Pre Next > Last ≯ (	1 GO

### Rogue mode: Contain APs according to RSSI.

Containment Mode	Contain APs with RSSI	higl 🔻 Refresh Every One Minu	Clear Rogue AP	SSID-based: Search
SSID	MAC	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	RSSI 💠
			No Data Found	
Show No.: 10 •	] Total Count:0			K First K Pre Next X Last X 1 GO

# CONFIG mode: Contain APs by configuring the MAC address and the SSID blacklist manually.

Containment Mode	Contain APs added m	anua 🔻 Refresh Every One Minut	Clear Rogue AP	SSID-based: Se	arch		
SSID	MAC	Channel	Rate(Mbps)	RSSI ‡			
No Data Found							
Show No.: 10 ▼	] Total Count:0			K First 〈 Pre Next 〉 Last 〉 1	GO		

# 1.3.5 Maintenance

### 1.3.5.1 Settings

### 1.3.5.1.1 Local Upgrade

Download the main program or Web package to the local device and perform local upgrade.

Note: Please download the corresponding firmware version from the official website, and then upgrade the device with the following tips. Tips: 1. Make sure that the firmware version (main program or Web package) matches the device model. 2. The page may have no response during upgrade. Please do not power off or restart the device until an upgrade succeeded message is displayed.							
Device Version							
Download Firmware: Check for Later Version & Download ②							
File Name:     Browse     Upgrade     Cancel							
Click to select the main program or Web package to be upgraded.							
You can click <b>Cancel</b> to terminate an ongoing upgrade.							

Click the **DNS Server** and **Route** links to check network connection.

### 1.3.5.1.2 Restart

Conveniently restart the system with a click.

lote: Click 'Restart' to restart the device. Please wait a few minutes and the page will be refreshed after restart.
Restart
< Restart to restart the device.

### 1.3.5.1.3 Backup & Restore

### **Backup**

Back up the configuration file on the device. You can export current settings for batch operation.

Backup	Restore						
Note: Please do	n't close or update the	e page during import, or import	will fail. If you v	want to apply t	he new settings, please restart t	he device on this page, or the settings wi	ll not take effect.
Fi	le Name:		Browse	Import	Export Current Settings	Export black-white-list-config	

### **凶** Restore

After you restore the device to factory settings, please use the default IP address to access Eweb.

Backup	Restore				
Note: After the	device is reset to the fa	ory default settings, all settings will be cleare	ed. Please Export Current Settings t	before resetting the device.	
Restore Fact	tory Settings				
Display Current	Settings				

### 1.3.5.1.4 System Time

The network device system clock records the time of events on the device. For example, the time shown in system logs is obtained from the system clock. Time is recorded in the format of *year-month-day, hour:minute:second*, day of the week.

When you use a network device for the first time, set its system clock to the current date and time manually.

Set the system time based on the region for the device.

Current Time:	1970-1-1-03:34:18
Reset Time:	2023-03-02 14:51
Time Zone:	UTC+0(GMT)
Time Synchronization:	Automatically synchronize with an Internet time server (Please set DNS Server first, otherwise the system time will not be synchronized.)
	Save

### 1.3.5.1.5 System Mode

Two types of APs are available: Fat Access Points and Fit Access Points.

A FAT AP is suitable for family and small-scaled networks and provides full features. Generally, one device can implement access, authentication, routing, VPN, address translation, and even the firewall functions.

A FIT AP is suitable for large-scale wireless network deployment. A dedicated wireless controller is needed to provide unified management. A FIT-AP can be used only after the wireless controller delivers configurations and it cannot complete configuration by itself.

Select the AP mode.

Current Mode: Fat AP Mode



Note: The device restarts after mode switch. Please wait for a minute.

### 1.3.5.1.6 Log Server

The device sends local logs to the server for storage. History logs are stored for ease of query.

Server Logging can be set to ON/OFF to enable/disable the server log function.

Note: Local logs are sent to	the corresponding server in order of priority level. H	igher the level is, sooner the log is sent. The hig	hest level is level 0 and the lowest is 7.
Local Logging:	ON		
Server IP:			
Logging Level:	Informational(6)		
	Save		

### 1.3.5.1.7 Device DNS

Domain names can be dynamically parsed only after a DNS server is configured.

DNS Server 1:		-	⊦
DNS Server 2:			×
	Save		

### 1.3.5.2 System

### 1.3.5.2.1 Web Management

### **\** Admin Password

To enhance the system security and information interaction security, you need to change the default password of the system.

On the Admin Password tab page, enter the old password, new password, and confirm password, and click Save.

Admin Password	Basic Settings	Permissions	Web Log	
----------------	----------------	-------------	---------	--

Username:	admin		
Old Password:		*	
New Password:		*	
Confirm Password:		*	
	Save		

### **Basic Settings**

Configure the device location to better inspect devices and facilitate device management. Set the timeout time. When you do not perform operations on the system for long, the Web-based system automatically exits to ensure your system security.

Web Access Port: Indicates the access port. It needs to be added when you access the Web-based system from a browser.

Login Timeout: Indicates the timeout time.

Device Location: Indicates the device location. Setting this parameter facilitates management.

### Web-based Configuration

Admin Password	Basic Settings	I	Permissions	Web Log	
Web Access Port:	80		* (Range: 80,1025-6	55535)	
Login Timeout:	30 min	~			
Device Location:					
Access Redirection:	□ HTTP Redirection to H	TTPS	In NAT scenario, re	edirection may cause HT	TP access failure.
	Save				

### **N** Permissions

A system may have multiple users of different levels that correspond to different permissions. You can set or view permissions through the **Permission Settings** page. The system has two default users: user **admin** 

Admin Password	Basic Settings	Permissions	Web Log	
+ Add Admin				
Username				Action
			No Data Found	
Show No.: 10 🗸 Total	l Count:0			K First < Pre Next > Last > 1 GO

### • Adding an administrator

+ Add Admin		
Username	Add Admin	×
	Username: * New Password: *	
Show No.: 10 V Total Count	Confirm Password: *	lext > Last > 1 GO
	Permission: 🐨 🗹 🦲 All Pages	
	Cancel	

Click **Add Administrator**. A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. Set the configuration items in the dialog box, and click **Save**. The newly added administrator is displayed in the list after the **Save succeeded** message is displayed.

Editing administrator information

+ Add Admin			
Username		Action	
10 C	Edit Administrator	×	Delete
Show No.: <b>10 -</b> Total Count:	Username: *	J	lext ≻ Last ౫ <mark>1</mark> GO
	Change Password:		
	Permission: 🛛 🗷 🦲 All Pages		
	Cancel		

- 1) Click the **Edit** button for an administrator in the list.
- 2) A dialog box is displayed, as shown in the preceding figure. The configuration about the administrator is displayed in the dialog box. Then edit the configuration.
- 3) Click Save. The Save operation succeeded message is displayed.
- Deleting an administrator

# + Add Admin Username Action Edit Delete Show No.: 10 → Total Count:1 K First < Pre 1 Next > Last > 1 GO

Click **Delete** to delete an administrator.

### Veb Log

This function allows you to customize the website icon to be displayed on the browser tab, logo image to be displayed at the top left corner of the menu page, and the background of the Web login page.

Admin Password Note: Note: You can custom Note: Caution: Please upload Upload	Basic Settings ze the background of the we images according to the siz Website Icon: favicon.i	Permissions eb login interface, the logo im te requirements and image con icco Size (L x W): 16px*16px	Web Log age at the top left come mmands specified in the	r of the menu interface, and the website icon in the browser tab. upload box. The image size should not exceed 15018. The uploaded image takes effect after the device is restanted. mport
Upload Login Pag	Upload Logo: complay Brows e Background: Ig-pic.gi	v /Logo.png Size (L x W): 10 e if Size (L x W): 800px*132p	Dpxt 1	mport
	Brows	-		Image Example
				Zouge Wateriet Logo
				grav-space-one.     source
				Constant and Const

- 1. Import the website icon.
- 2. Import the logo.
- 3. Import the background image used for the login page.

### 1.3.5.2.2 Telnet & SSH

Enable Telnet and SSH access for security purposes.

Note: The password will als	be applied to the Console	
Telnet Service:		
SSH Service:	OFF	
New Password:	*	
Confirm Password:	*	
	Save	

### 1.3.5.2.3 Web Console

The Web console function is similar to the Telnet function and you can configure any command on the console. However, the Web console function does not support commands in shell mode, telnetting to APs, or batch refresh of commands.

Console Output:		Background Color: 🔲 🔳 📕
Ruijie#		
Command Input:	Send Clear Screen	

### 1.3.5.2.4 SNMP

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is by far the dominant protocol in network management. This Protocol (SNMP) was designed to be an easily implementable, basic network management tool that could be used to meet network management needs. It is named Simple Network Management Protocol as it is really easy to understand. A key reason for its widespread acceptance, besides being the chief Internet standard for network management, is its relative simplicity. There are different versions of SNMP, such as SNMP V1, SNMP V2c, and SNMP V3.

Note: Either SNMPv2 or SN	MPv3 is supported	
SNMP Version:	● v2 ⑦ ○ v3 ⑦	
Device Location:		
SNMP Community:		*
Trap Community:		The Trap Community must be the same as the SNMP Community.
Trap Receiver Address:		* You can configure up to 10 Trap receivers. Please use ',' or press the Enter key to separate addresses.
	Save	

# 1.3.5.2.5 CWMP/MACC

The CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP) is used by a server to manage, configure, and monitor ACs, APs, routers, or switches.

The CWMP enables a device to interconnect to the cloud platform or other servers for management.

Your AC may not support this function and the actual menu items shall prevail. When a device is interconnected to a server over CWMP, a correct DNS server needs to be configured so that the device correctly parses the domain name of the server. Therefore, check whether a correct DNS server is configured.

Click DNS server behind Note to redirect to the related configuration page.

Set parameters and click Save.

Note: The server implements Note: DNS server address is	s the CPE WAN Management Protocol (CWMP) to manage, configure and monitor APs, routers and switches. required for CWMP server connection. Please check DNS server settings [DNS server]
CWMP:	
Server URL:	*
Server Username:	
Server Password:	
Device URL:	
Device Username:	
Device Password:	
CPE Inform Interval(s):	300 Range: 30-3600
	Save
CWMD	
CVVIVIP	
Indicates whet	her to enable CWMP.
Server URL	
Indicates the s	erver address.
Server Userna	ame
Indicates the s	erver username, which can be used for verification.
Server Passw	ord
Indicates the s	erver password, which can be used for verification.
Device URL	
Indicates the d	evice URL, which can be used for active connection within the server LAN.
Device Userna	ame
Indicates the d	evice username, which can be used for verification.
Device Passw	vord

Indicates the device password, which can be used for verification.

### CPE Inform Interval(s)

Indicates the interval for connecting to the server, that is, heartbeat packet interval. Other Functions

# 1.3.6 Others

### 1.3.6.1 Favorites

After you add frequently configured functions to favorites, you can click menu items in the favorites and configure the functions rapidly next time.



• Adding to favorites

Select a required menu and drag it to Favorites.

### Web-based Configuration

### **Configuration Guide**

🕞 Favorites 🛛 🗿	CPU Usage 0.00 %	Memory Usage 60.0 %	Online Users 0
☆ Dashboard	0.00%	60.0%	
A User Info			
₩ DHCP ,	System Time Current Time: 1970-01-01 00:33:23 Running Time: 0 d 00 h 33 min 24 s	Model Model: Version: AP_RGOS 11.9(6)W3B3, Release(10142414)	Device Info MAC: Device SN: GPS: Unsupported
	Traffic Tendency		
	1.00		RX Traffic
	0.75		IX Inattic
	0.50		
	0.25		
	0.00	s 00:33:20	
	Traffics Downlink V	Details   RSSI Summary	Details

• Canceling favorites

Click **Favorites** to display the favorites list. Select a menu item from the list and click the  $\times$  icon. Confirm the delete operation to delete the menu item from the favorites.

Carl Favorites Dashboard You can drap and drop t	1 ×	0.00% CPU Usage 0.00 %	60.0% Memory Usage 60.0 %	Online Users 0
menu to Favorites				
A User Info	_	System Time	Model	Device Info
≌ DHCP	•	Current Time: 1970-01-01 00:34:16 Running Time: 0 d 00 h 34 min 17 s	Model: Version: AP_RGOS 11.9(6)W3B3, Release(10142414)	MAC: Device SN: GPS: Unsupported
		Traffic Tendency		
		1.00		RX Traffic
		0.75		TX Traffic
		0.50		
		0.25		
		0.00 00:33:40 00:33:45	00:33:50 00:33:55 00:34:00	00:34:05 00:34:10 00:34:15
		Traffics Downlink V	Details RSSI Summary	Details

### 1.3.6.2 Fast Query Menu

There are increasing functions in the system. The fast query menu helps users rapidly search for required functions. Enter a search condition in the search box on the home page. A list of records meeting the search condition is rapidly displayed. Click a function to redirect to the function page.

Ruíjie AP	🖙 Monitoring	@ Config	& Diagnosis	* Maintenance	) (	Enter a search term Q	≇ Config Wizard	

### 1.3.6.3 More Functions

Displaying the current account

The current account is displayed in the upper right corner of the home page. The current account is **admin**, as shown in the figure below.

Œ	🖾 Monitoring	Onfig	ଓ Diagnosis	☆ Maintenance	Enter a search term Q 📚 Config Wi	zard 오 admin 🔹
Note	Please download the co	rresponding firmwar	e version from the official	website, and then upgrade the	device with the following tins	Online Service
Note: Please download the corresponding inriverse version from the official website, and then upgrade the device with the following tips. Tips: 1. Make sure that the firmware version (main program or Web package) matches the device model. 2. The page may have no response during upgrade. Please do not powe device until an upgrade succeeded message is displayed.						
						Logout
Do	wnload Firmware: Cl	neck for Later Vers	sion & Download			

Online Service

Click the current account icon in the upper right corner. A function drop-down list is displayed. Click **Online Service** when you need to seek help.

Œ	🖾 Monitoring	Onfig	😵 Diagnosis	X Maintenance	Enter a search term Q 💲 Config Wi	zard 🛛 🛛 admin 🔹
Neter	Diagon doumload the ex-	raan an din a firmuun	e version from the offici	al underite, and then ungrade the d	nice with the following time	Online Service
Note: Please download the corresponding tirriware version from the official website, and then upgrade the device with the following tips. Tips: 1. Make sure that the firriware version (main program or Web package) matches the device model. 2. The page may have no response during upgrade. Please do not powe device until an upgrade succeeded message is displayed.						中文
						Logout
Do	wnload Firmware: Ch	eck for Later Vers	sion & Download			

### • Language switching

Click the current account icon in the upper right corner. A function drop-down list is displayed. The second item is used for language switching. If the system is in Chinese, click **English** to switch to the English edition; if the system is in English, click 中文 to switch to the Chinese edition.

Œ	🖓 Monitoring	Onfig	😵 Diagnosis	X Maintenance	Enter a search term Q 😤 Config Wi	zard 🛛 🗙 admin 🔹
Neter	Disease descendant data area	din - Comment	e unerside from the official			Online Service
Note: Please download the corresponding firmware version from the official website, and then upgrade the device with the following tips. Tips: 1. Make sure that the firmware version (main program or Web package) matches the device model. 2. The page may have no response during upgrade. Please do not powe device until an upgrade succeeded message is displayed.						
						Logout
Do	wnload Firmware: Ch	eck for Later Vers	sion & Download 🕜			

The language switching item is displayed based on actual requirements. If only Chinese is supported, this item is not displayed. It is displayed only when both Chinese and English are supported.

• Exiting the system

Click the current account icon in the upper right corner. A function drop-down list is displayed. Click **Logout** and click **OK** to exit the system.

☲	🖾 Monitoring	Onfig	🎖 Diagnosis	X Maintenance	Enter a search term Q 😤 Config Wi	zard 🛛 🎗 admin 🔹
Nata	Diagon doumload the ex-	range and in a firmura	a version from the offici	al makeite, and then upgrade the devi	ing with the following time	Online Service
Tips: 1 device	Note: Please download the corresponding tirmware version from the official website, and then upgrade the device with the following tips. Tips: 1. Make sure that the firmware version (main program or Web package) matches the device model. 2. The page may have no response during upgrade. Please do not powe device until an upgrade succeeded message is displayed.					
Do	wnload Firmware: Ch	eck for Later Vers	sion & Download	)		

# 1.4 Fit AP-Eweb

# 1.4.1 SmartAP

SmartAP allows you to deploy APs in mobile office scenario. Click **Config Wizard** to end the SmartAP configuration page, including **System Mode**, **Network Configuration** and **Change Web NMS Password**. If APs are not applied to mobile office scenario, only system mode will be displayed.

### 1. System Mode

Click **Change** and the **System Mode** window is displayed. You can select a mode among three modes available: Fit AP, Fat AP and MACC.



Note: The device restarts after mode switch. Please wait for a minute

### 2. Network Configuration

IP Allocation Type:	DHCP (Dynamic IP)
SSID:	•
Hide:	Enable
Active AC IP:	•
Standby AC IP:	
L2TP Tunnel:	ON
HQ IP:	IP-Based
Access AC Through Tunnel:	Yes ONO
······,	> Advanced Settings

3. Change Web NMS Password

Old Password	•
New Password:	•
Confirm Password:	*

# 1.5 Enabling the Web Server

The Web service is enabled for an AP device when this AP is delivered. By default, the IP address is 192.168.110.1. The following describes how to enable Web service on the CLI when it is disabled.

Configuration		Commands		
Configuring Web server		enable service web-server	Enables the Web service.	
	the	ip address	(Optional) Configures the IP address.	
		webmaster level username password	(Optional) Configures the username and	
			password for logging in to the Web-based	
			management system.	

### **Configuration Method**

- **L** Enabling the Web Service
- Mandatory configuration.
- This configuration is performed on the AP device.
- **Configuring the IP Address**
- Optional configuration.
- **U** Configuring the Username and Password for Logging in to the Web-Based Management System
- Optional configuration.
- When the Web service is enabled, the administrator username/passwords (admin/admin) and guest user/passwords (guest/guest) are created by default. The passwords of these two accounts can be changed. In addition, you can create other Web-based management accounts.

### Verification

Log in to the Web page by using the preset IP address and Web-based management account and password, then check whether the login is successful.

### **Relevant Commands**

### Lenabling the Web Service

Command e	enable service web-server [ http   https   all ]
-----------	--

Parameter	http   https   all: Enables corresponding services. http enables the HTTP service, https enables the
Description	HTTPS service, and all enables both the HTTP and HTTPS services. By default, both the HTTP and
	HTTPS services are enabled.
Command	Global configuration mode.
Mode	

### **\U** Configuring the IP Address

Command	ip address ip-address ip-mask
Parameter	<i>ip-address</i> : IP address
Description	<i>ip-mask</i> : network mask.
Command	Interface configuration mode.
Mode	

# **U** Configuring the Account and Password for Logging in to the Web-Based Management System

Command	webmaster level privilege-level username name password { password   [0 7] encrypted-
	password
Parameter	privilege-level: indicates the level of the permission bound to the user. Three levels are available,
Description	which are 0, 1, and 2. The super administrator account (admin) created by default corresponds to
	level 0, a guest account (guest) corresponds to level 2, and other accounts correspond to level 1.
	name: address of the static RP.
	password: The ACL is used to limit the group address range of the static RP service. The default
	range is all group services.
	0   7: password encryption type. 0 indicates no encryption, and 7 indicates simple encryption. The
	default value is 0.
	encrypted-password: password.
Command	Global configuration mode.
Mode	
Usage Guide	N/A

# **Configuration Example**

# **Solution** Configuring the Web Server

Configuration	Enable the Web service.			
Steps	Configure the local username and password.			
	Configure the device management IP address. The default management VLAN is VLAN 1.			
	Configure an IP address for VLAN 1. Ensure that the management IP address can be pinged			
	from the user's PC.			
	Ruijie# configure terminal			
	Ruijie(config)# enable service web-server			
	Ruijie(config)# webmaster level 0 username admin password admin			
	Ruijie(config)#interface vlan 1			

	Ruijie(config-if-VLAN 1)#ip address 192.168.1.200 255.255.255.0	
Verification	Run the <b>show running-config</b> command to display related configuration commands.	
	Ruijie(config)#show running-config	
	Building configuration	
	Current configuration: 6312 bytes	
	!	
	hostname ruijie	
	1	
	!	
	webmaster level 0 username admin password 7 08022b181b29	
	webmaster level 1 username manager password 7 06073f	
	webmaster level 2 username guest password 7 14155f083206	
	http update mode auto-detect	
	!	
!		
	interface VLAN 1	
	ip address 192.168.1.200 255.255.255.0	
	no shutdown	
	1	
	line con 0	
	line vty 0 4	
	login	
	!	
	!	
	End	

# **1.6 Configuration Examples**

# 1.6.1 Constructing a WLAN for the DHCP Server on the AP Device

The AP is regarded as a wireless router and constructs a small-scale network as a fat AP. The DHCP server is configured on the AP device. The following figure shows the topology.

Figure 1-3 Topology 1 (AP is in routing mode)



Configuration	Description and Command		
Construction of a WLAN for the DHCP server on the AP	<ol> <li>Mandatory. It is used to configure a WLAN.</li> </ol>		
	WiFi name	Associates internet access wireless signals for an STA	
	WiFi password	An STA inputs the password for internet access.	
	DHCP configuration	Allocates IP addresses to wireless STAs.	

### Verification

**Select AP working mode and set the Internet connection type** 

Config Wizard—Ext	ternal Network Settings		×	
		······································	^	
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	NAT Mode		
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP		
Port:	•	(If you want to change the port, please go t	o device	
	configuration.)	, ,	- 1	
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP (Dedicated IP)	]	- 1	
IP:	192.168.10.1	*	- 1	
IP Mask:	255.255.255.0	*	- 1	
Default Gateway:	BVI	*	- 1	
NAT: 🔲 Check this box if you want to convert all internal addresses to external addresses.				
Note: This function the function via Web	is designed for ease of use bas instead of CLI. Aggregate port	ed on user scenario. It is recommended to co configuration is not supported.	nfigure	
	Ν	ext		

- The AP works in wireless routing mode.
- You can select the following Internet connection types when the AP works in wireless routing mode.
- Static IP (dedicated IP)

Config Wizard—Ext	ternal Network Settings		×
	·····	<u>بالم</u>	
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	NAT Mode	
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP	
Port:	Gi0/1 •	(If you want to change the port, please	go to device
	configuration.)		
IP Allocation Mode:	Static IP (Dedicated IP)		
IP:	192.168.1.1	*	
IP Mask:	255.255.255.0	*	
Default Gateway:	BVI	*	
NAT:	NAT: 🕢 Check this box if you want to convert all internal addresses to external addresses.		
Next			

• PPPoE (ADSL line)

Config Wizard—Ext	ternal Network Settings		×	
	····))	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	NAT Mode		
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP		
Port:	Gi0/1 •	(If you want to change the port, please	go to device	
	configuration.)			
IP Allocation Mode:	PPPoE (ADSL line)			
Account:	test	*		
Password:	test123	*		
PPPOE IP: Not Obtained				
NAT: 🕜 Check this box if you want to convert all internal addresses to external addresses.				
Note: This function the function via Web	is designed for ease of use bas instead of CLI. Aggregate port	ed on user scenario. It is recommended t configuration is not supported.	o configure	

Next

• DHCP (dynamic IP)

Config Wizard—Ex	ternal Network Settings		×	
	······································	····· •····	ĺ	
	<ul> <li>Bridge Mode</li> </ul>	NAT Mode		
	DHCP in others devices	DHCP in AP		
Port:	Gi0/1 •	(If you want to change the port, please	go to device	
	configuration.)			
IP Allocation Mode:	DHCP (Dynamic IP)			
Default Gateway:		Optional		
DHCP IP: Not Obtained				
NAT: 🗷 Check this box if you want to convert all internal addresses to external addresses.				
Note: This function is designed for ease of use based on user scenario. It is recommended to configure the function via Web instead of CLI. Aggregate port configuration is not supported.				
	Next			

# **Solution** Configure a WiFi name (use a simple name that is easy to remember). A WiFi name contains up to 32 characters.

### Figure 1-4 AP Quick Settings for SSID

Config Wizard—Wi	Fi		×
SSID:	@test_ssid	*	
WiFi Password:	•••••	Show Password	
DHCP:	Enable (IP addresses are allowed)	ocated by AP)	
Vlan ID:	2	]	
IP Range:	192.168.1 1 to 254		
DHCP Gateway:	192.168.1.1	)	
Preferred DNS Server:	192.168.58.110	Optional	
Secondary DNS Server:	8.8.8.8	Optional	
	Finish	Back	

### **Security configuration**

By default, the WPA2-PSK mode is selected. A password consists of 8 to 64 characters and can be a combination of letters, digits, and special characters.

Figure 1-5 AP Quick Settings for Security

Config Wizard—Wi	Fi		×
SSID:	@test_ssid	*	
WiFi Password:	•••••	Show Password	
DHCP:	✓ Enable (IP addresses are allo	ocated by AP)	
Vlan ID:	2	]	
IP Range:	192.168.1 1 to 254		
DHCP Gateway:	192.168.1.1	)	
Preferred DNS Server:	192.168.58.110	Optional	
Secondary DNS Server:	8.8.8.8	Optional	
Preferred DNS Server: Secondary DNS Server:	8.8.8	Optional	

	_	
Finish		Back

### **DHCP** configuration

Figure 1-6 AP Quick Settings for DHCP

Config Wizard—Wi	Fi			×		
SSID:	@test_ssid	*				
WiFi Password:	•••••	Show Passw	vord			
DHCP:						
Vlan ID:	2	]				
IP Range:	192.168.1 1 to 254					
DHCP Gateway:	192.168.1.1	)				
Preferred DNS Server:	192.168.58.110	Optional				
Secondary DNS Server:	8.8.8.8	Optional				
			J			
	Finish	Back				

- IP address range: 192.168.1.0/24 to 192.168.1.254/24.
- DNS server: 192.168.58.110 (Perform configuration based on actual conditions.)
- Click **Finish**.

### Verification

- Associate an STA with WiFi: Eweb\_AAAA1 and obtain the IP address 192.168.1.4.
- Verify that the STA can connect to the WiFi and then visit the Web through 192.168.1.1.

() If the management IP address is changed, use the new management IP address to use the Web again.